$1 \leq y + 2 * ((y * -1 + 1)/2)$ is equivalent to $(y \mod 2 = 1)$, for y being an unsigned int according to C language semantics.

We require two axioms from the C language semantics: As y is unsigned, -y = $\mathtt{MAXINT} - y$. In addition, unsigned $\mathtt{MAXINT} + 1 = 0$. y can be an odd or even number.

(Case 1) Assume y is an odd number:

$$\frac{y*-1+1}{2} = \left\lfloor \frac{-y+1}{2} \right\rfloor \tag{1}$$

$$= \left\lfloor \frac{\text{MAXINT} - y + 1}{2} \right\rfloor$$

$$= \frac{\text{MAXINT} - y}{2}$$
(2)

$$=\frac{\text{MAXINT} - y}{2} \tag{3}$$

(4)

Using this, we can show that

$$1 \le y + 2 * \frac{y * -1 + 1}{2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 1 \le y + 2 * \frac{\text{MAXINT} - y}{2}$$

$$\tag{5}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 1 \le y + 2 * \frac{\text{MAXINT} - y}{2} \tag{6}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 1 \leq \texttt{MAXINT}$$
 (7)

$$\Leftrightarrow true$$
 (8)

$$\Leftrightarrow y \bmod 2 = 1 \tag{9}$$

(Case 2) Assume y is an even number:

$$\frac{y*-1+1}{2} = \left| \frac{-y+1}{2} \right| \tag{10}$$

$$= \left\lfloor \frac{\text{MAXINT} - y + 1}{2} \right\rfloor$$

$$= \frac{\text{MAXINT} - y + 1}{2}$$
(11)

$$=\frac{\text{MAXINT} - y + 1}{2} \tag{12}$$

(13)

Using this, we can show that

$$1 \le y + 2 * \frac{y * -1 + 1}{2} \tag{14}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 1 \leq y + 2 * \frac{\texttt{MAXINT} - y + 1}{2} \tag{15}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 1 \le \texttt{MAXINT} + 1 \tag{16}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 1 \le 0 \tag{17}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow false$$
 (18)

$$\Leftrightarrow y \bmod 2 = 1 \tag{19}$$