Predicate Abstraction with CPAchecker

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- Traditional abstract domain for software model checking
- Powerful but expensive
- Given finite set π of predicates over program variables (precision), abstract state is boolean combination of predicates
- Predicates are usually atoms such as (x > 0)
- Abstract state is represented as BDD
- SMT solver is used for computing successors (Given a state and a program statement, what combination of predicates holds afterwards?)

2 possibilities:

- Cartesian abstraction:
 - Strongest conjunction of predicates
 - Looses relations between predicates,
 e.g. (x > 0) => (y > 0)
- Boolean abstraction:
 - Strongest boolean combination of predicates
 - Uses All-SMT query over predicates
 for successor computation

Reminder: CEGAR



Example Program

Control-Flow Automaton









Demo

- Run CPAchecker with SBE on induction2.c
- ARG
- ARGRefinements
- Predicates from predmap.txt
- Introduce bug in program
- Error path

Optimizations

- Lazy abstraction:
 - Different predicates per location and per path
 - Incremental analysis instead of restart from scratch after refinement
- Adjustable-Block Encoding:
 - Handle loop-free blocks of statements at once
 - Abstract only between blocks (less abstractions, less refinements)

Demo 2

- Run CPAchecker with ABE-L on induction2.c
- ARG
- Predicate Mapping from predmap.txt



- Framework for Software Verification
 - Written in Java
 - Open Source: Apache 2.0 License
 - 38 contributors so far from 7 universities/institutions
 - 280.000 lines of code (170.000 without blank lines and comments)
 - Started 2007

http://cpachecker.sosy-lab.org



- Among world's best software verifiers: http://sv-comp.sosy-lab.org/2014/results/
- In 3 consecutive years: http://sv-comp.sosy-lab.org/2013/results/ http://sv-comp.sosy-lab.org/2012/results/
- Used for Linux driver verification with real bugs found and fixed in Linux



- Every analysis is implemented as a "Configurable Program Analysis" (CPA)
- E.g. predicate abstraction, explicit-value analysis, intervals, octagon, BDDs, and more
- Algorithms are central and implemented only once
- Completely modular, and thus flexible and easily extensible



- Further available analyses:
 - IMPACT algorithm
 - Bounded model checking
 - k-Induction
 - Conditional Model Checking





Try CPAchecker

- Online at Google AppEngine: http://cpachecker.appspot.com
- Download for Linux/Windows: http://cpachecker.sosy-lab.org
 - Run scripts/cpa.sh | scripts\cpa.bat
 - -predicateAnalysis <FILE>
 - Windows/Mac: -setprop cpa.predicate.solver=smtinterpol
- Example program: http://bit.ly/1lpipUv
- Look at output / CPALog.txt for problems
- Open .dot files with dotty / xdot (www.graphviz.org)
- If there is a counterexample: scripts/report-generator.py

Specification

- Model Checkers check only what you specified
- CPAchecker's default:
 - Label ERROR
 - Calling function __assert_fail()
 - assert(pred) needs to be pre-processed
- SV-COMP:
 - Calling function _____VERIFIER_error()
 - -spec sv-comp-reachability

Limitations

- Of presented analysis:
 - Linear arithmetic over reals (no overflows, no bit operators)
 - No checks for memory safety
 - Heap allocations with bounded size
- Other analyses do not have these limitations
- For bitvectors:
 - -predicateAnalysis-bitprecise