# TestCov:

Robust Test-Suite Execution and Coverage Measurement

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LMU Munich, Germany



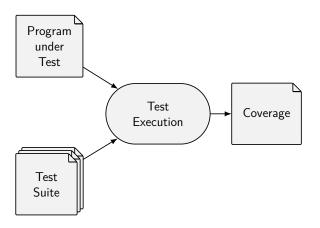




2019-11-12, ASE 2019



# Our Starting Point



▶ In our case: International Competition of Software Testing (Test-Comp)

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #include <unistd.h>
    extern char input ();
 4
 5
    int main() {
      char x = input();
      if (x == 'a') \{
8
        while (1) {
            fork ();
10
11
      } else {
12
        remove("important.txt");
        if (access("important.txt", F_OK) != -1) {
13
14
          return 1;
15
16
17
```

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#include <stdio.h>
    #include <unistd.h>
    extern char input();
 4
                                Goal: Achieve 100 % branch coverage
 5
    int main() {
      char \times = input();
                                But: You don't want to use your
      if (x == 'a') \{
                                system to execute a test suite that
 8
        while (1)
                                achieves that.
10
11
        else {
        remove("important.txt");
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        if (access("important.txt", F_OK) != -1) {
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          return 1;
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#### afl-generated, minimized image test sets (partial)

These very compact, synthetic corpora were generated with <a href="https://doi.org/10.16/10.16/">afl-fuzz</a> for some of the image formats supported in modern web browsers. They exercise a remarkable variety of features in common image parsers and are a superior starting point for manual testing or targeted fuzzing work. The test cases are selected for optimal edge coverage and a wide range of coarse hit counts for every branch, as culled with afl-cmin. There are also \*-edges-only variants that do not factor in hit counts

Format	Parsing library	Instrumented tool	Browsers	Preview link	S
JPEG #1	IJG jpeg9a	djpeg	All	<u>click here</u>	I
JPEG #2	libjpeg-turbo 1.3.1	djpeg	All	<u>click here</u>	I
GIF #1	giflib 5.1	gif2rgb¹	All	<u>click here</u>	I
GIF #2	ImageMagick 6.8.9	convert	All	<u>click here</u>	I
PNG	libpng 1.6.16	readpng	All	<u>click here</u>	I
BMP	ImageMagick 6.8.9	convert	All	<u>click here</u>	I
ICO	ImageMagick 6.8.9	convert	All	<u>click here</u>	I
WebP	libwebp 0.4.2	dwebp	Chrome	<u>click here</u>	I
TIFF	libtiff CVS 2014/12/24	tiff2rgba¹	IE, Safari	<u>click here</u>	I
JPEG XR	jxrlib 1.1	$JxrDecApp^1$	IE	<u>click here</u>	Ι

<sup>1</sup> With some ad-hoc security fixes incorporated into the utility.

You can also grab a **downloadable archive** containing all of the above.

Note that some of this may crash your browser or make it use up 100% of CPU time (and let's not even mention trying to open this in any desktop software).

Additional sets are probably coming in the near future. This may include:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Due to the sheer number of exploitable bugs that allow the fuzzer to jump to arbitrary addresses.

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GIF #1	giflih 5 1	gif2rgh <sup>1</sup>	All	click here			
Note that some of this may crash your browser or make							
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ICO	imagewagiek 0.0.5	CONVERT	All	CHCK HC C				
WebP	libwebp 0.4.2	dwebp	Chrome	<u>click here</u>				
TIFF	libtiff CVS 2014/12/24	tiff2rgba¹	IE, Safari	<u>click here</u>				
JPE X	R ixrlib 1.1	JxrDecApp <sup>1</sup>	IE	click here				

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# Existing Solutions to Robust Execution

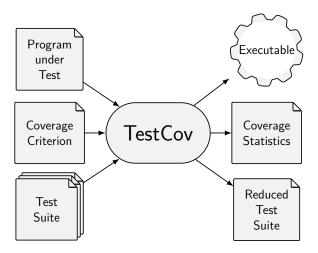
- Virtual Machines
- ► Containerization (Docker etc.)
- → Potentially large overhead
- → Manual setup
- ⇒ Setups consist of multiple tools
- ⇒ Require superuser privileges

### Our Solution

- ► Test isolation through Linux kernel features
- Coherent, single tool (for C programs)

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#### Robust Test Execution

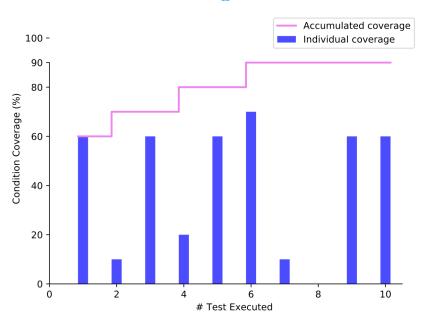
- Malicious influences:
  - Resource exhaustion
  - ► File system modifications
  - Dependencies between tests
- ⇒ Isolate each individual run
- Technology:
  - Control Groups (CGroups)
  - Containers
- ▶ Both provided by BenchExec

https://github.com/sosy-lab/benchexec/

# Coverage Measurements

- Measurement through lcov and llvm-cov or gcov
  - Provide line- and condition-coverage
  - Unfitting definition of branch-coverage
- Branch coverage manually computed through program instrumentation
- Produced data:
  - Test success
  - Individual test coverage
  - Accumulated test coverage (after each execution)
  - Individual resource measurements
  - .csv table, .json data, .svg plot

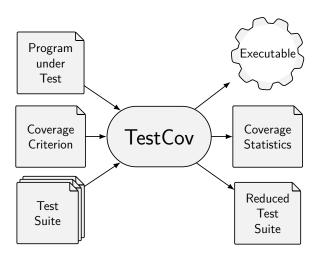
# Coverage Plot



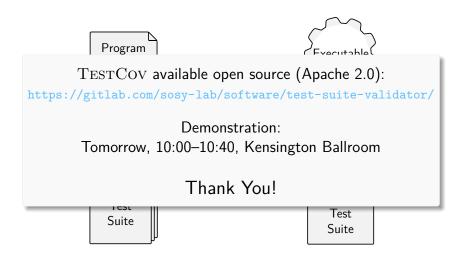
#### Test-Suite Reduction

- ► Goal: Create test suite with same coverage as input test suite. but less tests
- Strategies in TestCov:
  - ► Simple, accumulative order-based approach
  - Similarity-based approach
- Extensible through strategy pattern

### Conclusion



#### Conclusion



### References

[1] D. Beyer and T. Lemberger.

TestCov: Robust test-suite execution and coverage measurement.

In Proc. ASE. IEEE, 2019.

[2] D. Beyer, S. Löwe, and P. Wendler.

Reliable benchmarking: Requirements and solutions.

Int. J. Softw. Tools Technol. Transfer, 21(1):1–29, 2019.

#### Test-Suite Format

- XML-based
- ► Two components:
  - 1 metadata.xml
  - 2. one XML-file per test case
    - Sequence of test inputs
- Handled as zip archive

#### Metadata

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE test-metadata PUBLIC "+//IDN sosy-lab.org//DTD test-format te
<test-metadata>
 <sourcecodelang>C</sourcecodelang>
 cproducer> Testsuite Validator v2.0/producer>
 < specification > CHECK(FQL(cover EDGES(@CONDITIONEDGE)))/specification
 cprogramfile>example.c/programfile>
 <entryfunction>main/entryfunction>
 <architecture>32bit</architecture>
 < inputtestsuitefile > original -suite.zip</ inputtestsuitefile >
 <inputtestsuitehash>11911d658dcfbf8501390bf0faa96eb193b11bb1</inputtestsuitehash</p>
 <creationtime>2019-06-19T14:17:34Z
</test-metadata>
```

#### Test Case