

Configurable Software Model Checking CPACHECKER

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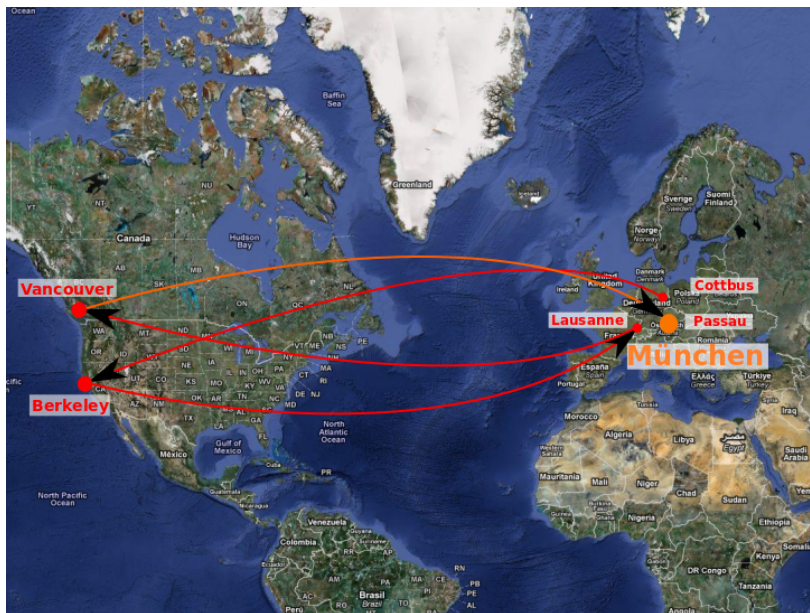
SEFM 2022 Summer School, Sept. 21–24, 2022



About the Speaker: Short CV

- ▶ 1998–2002 PhD on Verification of Hybrid Systems
- ▶ 2003 PostDoc at University of California, Berkeley
- ▶ 2004 PostDoc at EPFL Lausanne
- ▶ 2006 Assistant Professor at Simon Fraser University
- ▶ 2009 Professor at University of Passau
- ▶ 2016 Professor at LMU Munich

Trace



Software Verification

C Program

```
int main() {  
    int a = foo();  
    int b = bar(a);  
  
    assert(a == b);  
}
```



Verification
Tool



TRUE

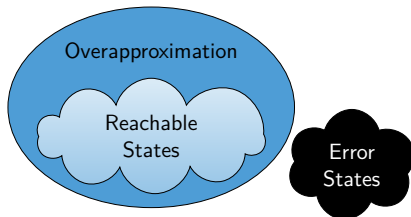
i.e., specification
is satisfied



FALSE

i.e., bug found

General method:
Create an overapproximation
of the program states /
compute program invariants



CPAchecker History

- ▶ 2002: BLAST with lazy abstraction refinement [9, 28]
- ▶ 2003: Multi-threading support [26]
- ▶ 2004: Test-case generation, interpolation, spec. lang. [9, 1]
- ▶ 2005: Memory safety, predicated lattices [25, 8]
- ▶ 2006: Lazy shape analysis [11]
- ▶ Maintenance and extensions became extremely difficult because of design choices that were not easy to revert
- ▶ 2007: Configurable program analysis [12, 13],
CPACHECKER was started
as complete reimplementatation from scratch [14]

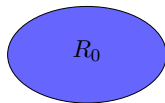
CPAchecker History (2)

- ▶ 2009: Large-block encoding [2, FMCAD '09]
- ▶ 2010: Adjustable-block encoding [15, FMCAD '10]
- ▶ 2012: Conditional model checking [10, FSE '12],
PredAbs vs. Impact [21, FMCAD '12]
- ▶ 2013: Explicit-state MC [17, FASE '13],
BDDs [20, STTT '14],
precision reuse [18, FSE '13]
- ▶ ...

Software Verification by Model Checking

[24, 32, Clarke/Emerson, Queille/Sifakis 1981]

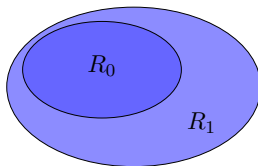
Iterative fixpoint (forward) post computation



Software Verification by Model Checking

[24, 32, Clarke/Emerson, Queille/Sifakis 1981]

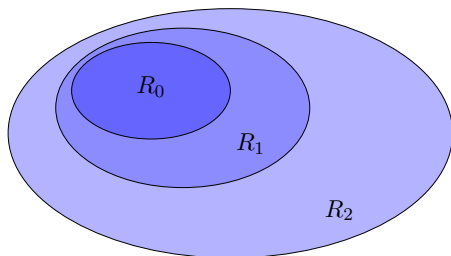
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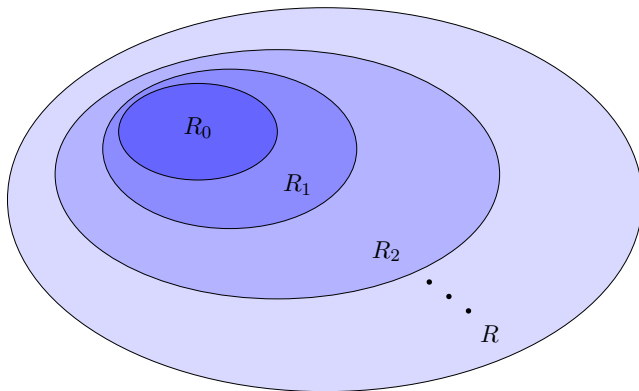
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Iterative fixpoint (forward) post computation



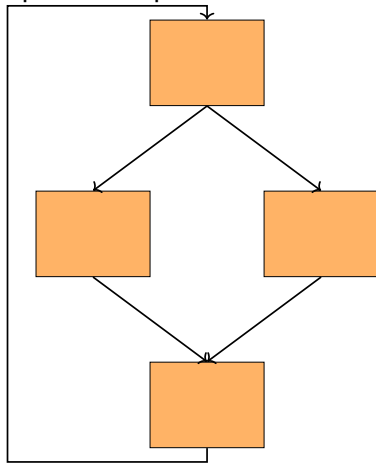
Software Model Checking

```
Reached, Frontier := {e0}  
while Frontier ≠ ∅ do  
  remove e from Frontier  
  for all e' ∈ post(e) do  
  
    if ¬stop(e', Reached) then  
      add e' to Reached, Frontier  
return Reached
```

Software Verification by Data-Flow Analysis

[30, Kildall 1973]

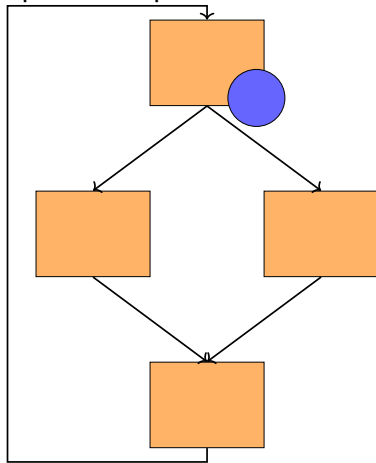
Fixpoint computation on the CFG



Software Verification by Data-Flow Analysis

[30, Kildall 1973]

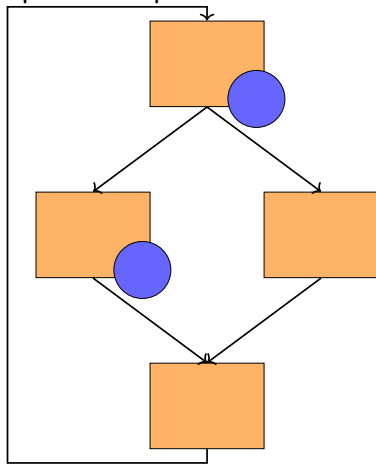
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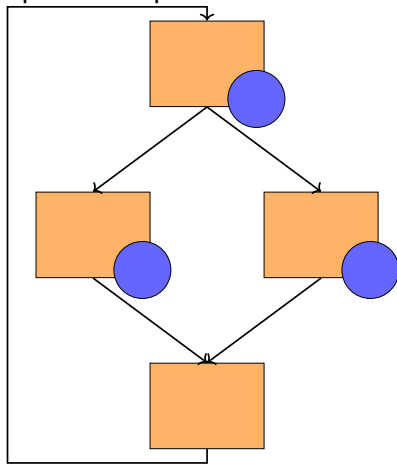
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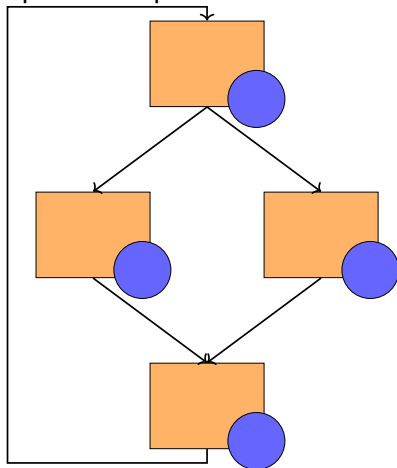
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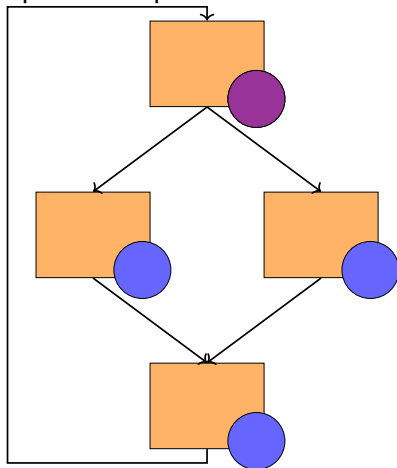
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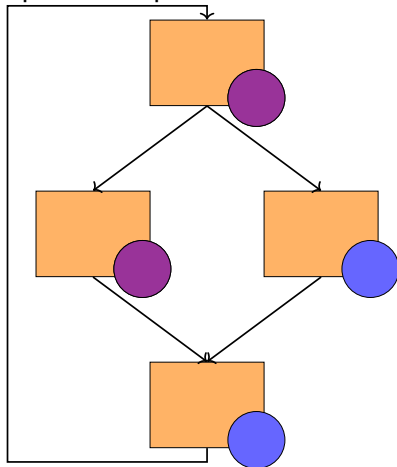
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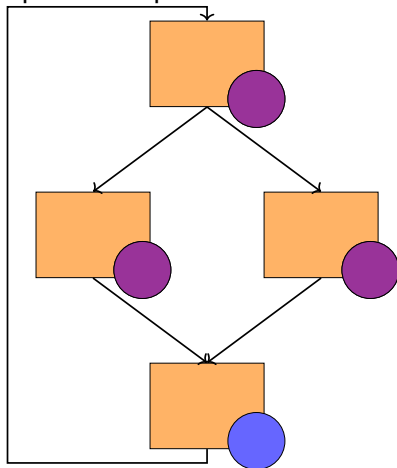
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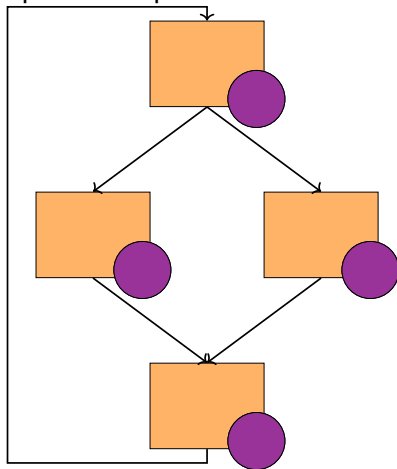
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Software Model Checking

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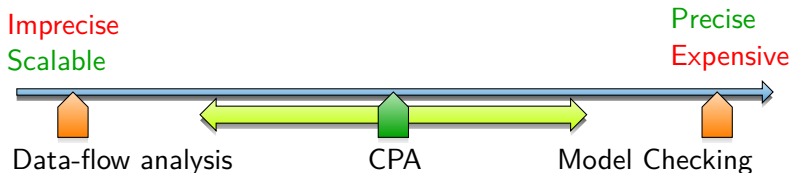
Configurable Program Analysis

```
Reached, Frontier := { $e_0$ }  
while Frontier  $\neq \emptyset$  do  
  remove  $e$  from Frontier  
  for all  $e' \in \underline{\text{post}}(e)$  do  
    for all  $e'' \in \textit{Reached}$  do  
       $e''_{\text{new}} := \underline{\text{merge}}(e', e'')$   
      if  $e''_{\text{new}} \neq e''$  then  
        replace  $e''$  in Reached, Frontier by  $e''_{\text{new}}$   
      if  $\neg \underline{\text{stop}}(e', \textit{Reached})$  then  
        add  $e'$  to Reached, Frontier  
return Reached
```

Configurable Program Analysis

[12, Beyer/Henzinger/Theoduloz CAV '07]

- ▶ Better combination of abstractions
→ Configurable Program Analysis



Unified framework that enables intermediate algorithms

Dynamic Precision Adjustment

Lazy abstraction refinement: [\[27, Henzinger/Jhala/Majumdar/Sutre POPL '02\]](#)

- ▶ Different predicates per location and per path
- ▶ Incremental analysis instead of restart from scratch after refinement

Dynamic Precision Adjustment

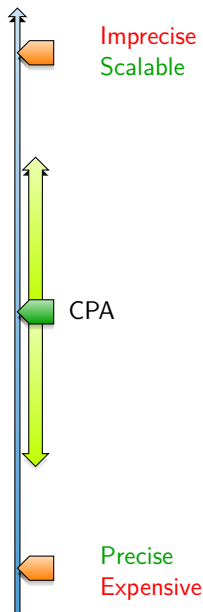
Better fine tuning of the precision of abstractions

→ Adjustable Precision

[13, Beyer/Henzinger/Theoduloz ASE'08]

Unified framework enables:

- ▶ switch on and off different analysis, and can
 - ▶ adjust each analysis separately
- Not only **refine**, also **abstract**!

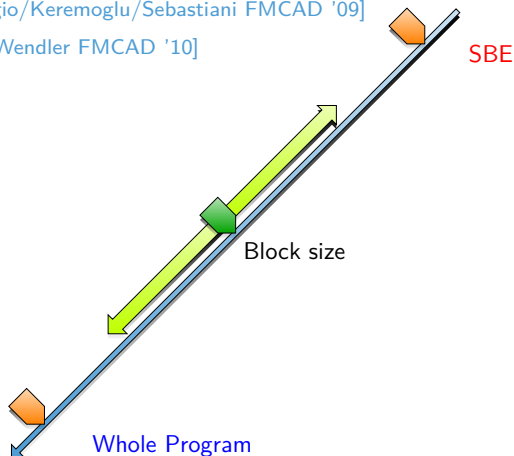


Adjustable Block-Encoding

- ▶ Handle loop-free blocks of statements at once
- ▶ Abstract only between blocks
(less abstractions, less refinements)

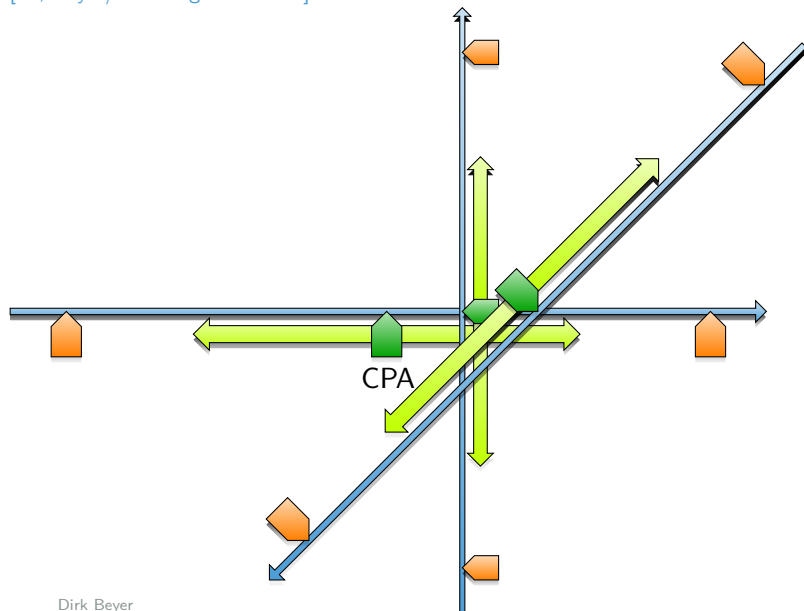
[2, Beyer/Cimatti/Griggio/Keremoglu/Sebastiani FMCAD '09]

[15, Beyer/Keremoglu/Wendler FMCAD '10]



CPACHECKER

[14, Beyer/Keremoglu CAV '11]



CPA – Summary

- ▶ Unification of several approaches
→ reduced to their essential properties
- ▶ Allow experimentation with new configurations
that we could never think of
- ▶ Flexible implementation CPACHECKER

- ▶ Framework for Software Verification — current status
 - ▶ Written in Java
 - ▶ Open Source: Apache 2.0 License
 - ▶ ~80 contributors so far from 15 universities/institutions
 - ▶ 470.000 lines of code
(300.000 without blank lines and comments)
 - ▶ Started 2007

<https://cpachecker.sosy-lab.org>



- ▶ Input language C (experimental: Java)
- ▶ Web frontend available:
<https://vcloud.sosy-lab.org/cpachecker/webclient/run>
- ▶ Counterexample output with graphs
- ▶ Benchmarking infrastructure available
(with large cluster of machines)
- ▶ Cross-platform: Linux, Mac, Windows

- ▶ Among world's best software verifiers:
<https://sv-comp.sosy-lab.org/2021/results/>
- ▶ Continuous success in competition since 2012
(66 medals: 19x gold, 22x silver, 25x bronze)
- ▶ Awarded Gödel medal
by Kurt Gödel Society

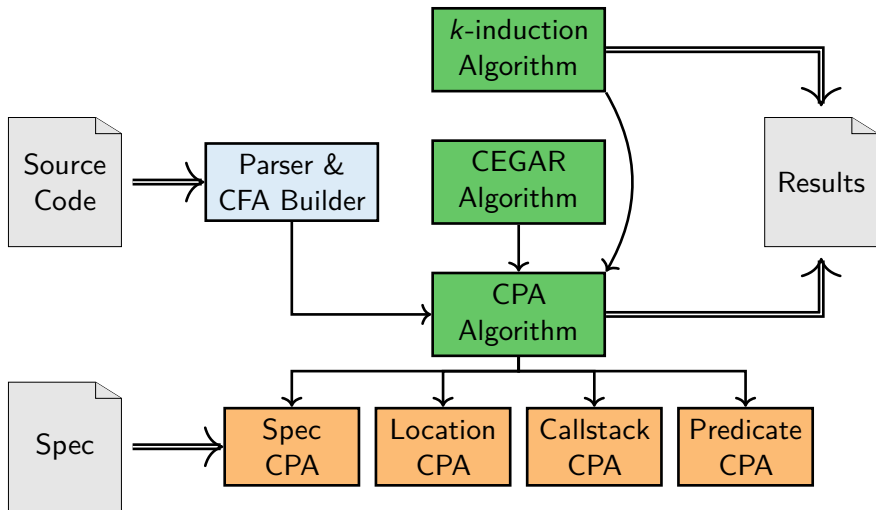


- ▶ Used for Linux driver verification
with dozens of real bugs found and fixed in Linux [29, 19]

- ▶ Included Concepts:
 - ▶ CEGAR [22] Interpolation [17, 7]
 - ▶ Configurable Program Analysis [12, 13]
 - ▶ Adjustable-block encoding [15]
 - ▶ Conditional model checking [10]
 - ▶ Verification witnesses [5, 4]
 - ▶ Various abstract domains: predicates, intervals, BDDs, octagons, explicit values
- ▶ Available analyses approaches:
 - ▶ Predicate abstraction [2, 15, 13, 18]
 - ▶ IMPACT algorithm [31, 21, 7]
 - ▶ Bounded model checking [23, 7]
 - ▶ k-Induction [6, 7]
 - ▶ IC3/Property-directed reachability [3]
 - ▶ Explicit-state model checking [17]
 - ▶ Interpolation-based model checking [16]

- ▶ Completely modular, and thus flexible and easily extensible
- ▶ Every abstract domain is implemented as a "Configurable Program Analysis" (CPA)
- ▶ E.g., predicate abstraction, explicit-value analysis, intervals, octagon, BDDs, memory graphs, and more
- ▶ Algorithms are central and implemented only once
- ▶ Separation of concerns
- ▶ Combined with Composite pattern

- ▶ CPAAlgorithm is the core algorithm for reachability analysis / fixpoint iteration
- ▶ Other algorithms can be added if desired, e.g.,
 - ▶ CEGAR
 - ▶ Double-checking counterexamples
 - ▶ Sequential combination of analyses



- ▶ Online at SoSy-Lab VerifierCloud:
<https://vcloud.sosy-lab.org/cpachecker/webclient/run>
- ▶ Download for Linux/Windows:
<https://cpachecker.sosy-lab.org>
 - ▶ Run `scripts/cpa.sh` | `scripts\cpa.bat`
 - ▶ `-default <FILE>`
 - ▶ Windows/Mac need to disable bitprecise analysis:
`-predicateAnalysis-linear`
`-setprop solver.solver=smtinterpol`
`-setprop analysis.checkCounterexamples=false`
- ▶ Open graphical report in browser: `output/*.html`
- ▶ Open `.dot` files with `dotty` / `xdot` (www.graphviz.org/)

- ▶ Model Checkers check only what you specified
- ▶ CPACHECKER's default:
 - ▶ Label `ERROR`
 - ▶ Calling function `__assert_fail()`
 - ▶ `assert(pred)` needs to be pre-processed
- ▶ SV-COMP: LTL-based formulas
(e.g., reachability of call to `reach_error()`)
- ▶ General: Monitor automata

Want to implement your own analysis?

- ▶ Easy, just write a CPA in Java
- ▶ Implementations for 10 interfaces needed
- ▶ But for 8, we have default implementations
 - Minimal configuration:
abstract state and
abstract post operator

The CPA framework is flexible:

- ▶ Many components are provided as CPAs:
 - ▶ Location / program counter tracking
 - ▶ Callstack tracking
 - ▶ Specification input (as automata)
 - ▶ Pointer-aliasing information
- ▶ CPAs can be combined,
so your analysis doesn't need to care about these things

Conclusions

- ▶ Flexible framework
- ▶ Open source; large group of contributors
- ▶ Most state-of-the-art approaches integrated
- ▶ Decent performance (see competitions)
- ▶ Many papers describing its concepts

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