



Thomas Lemberger

Towards Cooperative Software Verification with Test Generation and Formal Verification



Your PC ran into a problem and needs to restart. We're just collecting some error info, and then we'll restart for you.

20% complete



For more information about this issue and possible fixes, visit <https://www.windows.com/stopcode>

If you call a support person, give them this info:

Stop code: CRITICAL_PROCESS_DIED



© 1998 ESA, CNES, ARIANESPACE / Photo Service Outgroup, DCS



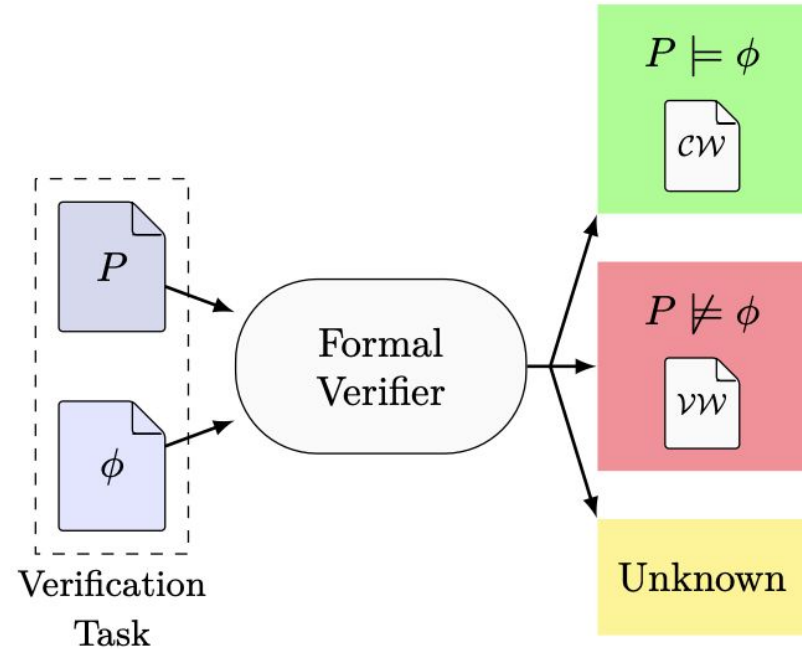
Let's get rid of software bugs!



- Automated Software Verification
 - Automated Formal Verification
 - Automated Test Generation
- C code without concurrency
- No:
 - Manual Tests
 - Interactive Verification
 - Code Synthesis
 - Machine Learning

```
1 int main(void) {
2   unsigned int x = 0;
3   unsigned short n = nondet();
4   while (x < n) {
5     x += 2;
6   }
7   if (x % 2 == 0) {}
8   else
9     reach_error();
10 }
```

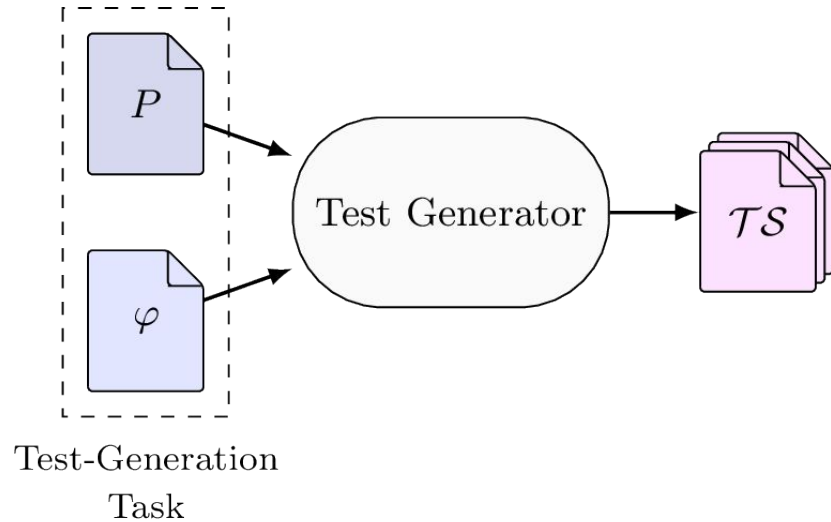
No call to `reach_error()` is reachable



```
1 int main(void) {  
2   unsigned int x = 0;  
3   unsigned short n = nondet();  
4   while (x < n) {  
5     x += 2;  
6   }  
7   if (x % 2 == 0) {}  
8   else  
9     reach_error();  
10 }
```

Cover all program branches

Cover function `reach_error()`







1. Tool comparisons



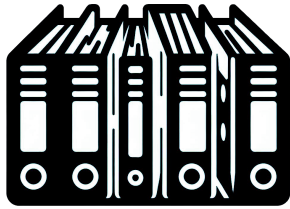
2. Concepts for combining verifiers and testers, off-the-shelf



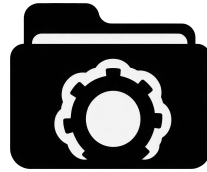
Common input
language

Common output
language

Reliable measurements



Benchmark Set

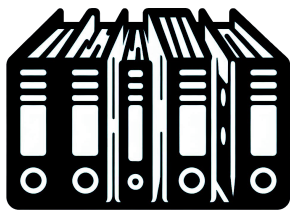


Result Format



Measurement Tools

12th Competition on Software Verification (SV-COMP 2023)



Benchmark Set

sv-benchmarks



Result Format

Witnesses



Measurement Tools

Witness Validators

Beyer. Competition on Software Verification and Witness Validation: SV-COMP 2023. Proc. TACAS, 2023.

```
// CREST:
CREST_int(x);
// KLEE:
klee_make_symbolic(&x,
    sizeof(x), "x");
// AFL:
scanf("%d\n", &x);
```

```
// CREST:
0
// KLEE:
Structured data
// AFL:
\x00
```

Input methods
+ result format

Benchmark Set

Result Format

Measurement Tools

Proprietary formats

Proprietary formats

Proprietary execution
methods, no real
branch coverage

Robust test-suite execution
 through *Linux cgroups* and
 overlay file systems³

Coverage measurement
 through *code instrumentation*

```
extern int __VERIFIER_nondet_int();
// .. snip ..
int x = __VERIFIER_nondet_int();
```

```
<testcase>
  <input>1023</input>
  <input>254</input>
</testcase>
```

Benchmark Set

Result Format

Measurement Tools

Subset of
 sv-benchmarks¹

Test-Suite
 Format²

TestCov²
 branch coverage,
 reach_error() coverage

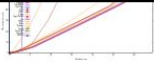
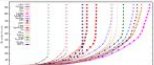
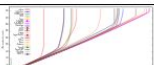
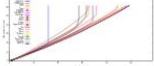
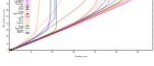

¹Beyer, Lemberger. **Software Verification: Testing vs. Model Checking.** HVC, 2017.

²Beyer, Lemberger. **TestCov: Robust Test-Suite Execution and Coverage Measurement.** Proc. ASE, 2019.

³Beyer, Löwe, Wendler. **Reliable Benchmarking: Requirements and Solutions.** STTT, 2019.

6th Competition on Software Testing (Test-Comp 2024)

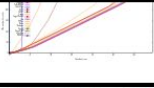
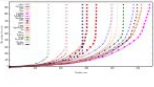
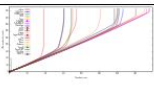
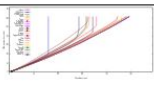
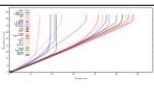

- ~11.000 test tasks
 - Cover-Error
 - Cover-Branches
- Offline competition
- 900s, 15GB memory per task
- Score: normalized accumulated coverage

Participants	Plots	cetfuzz	CoVeriTest	ESBMC-kind	FDSE	Fizzer	FuSeBMC	FuSeBMC-AI	HybridTiger	KLEE	KLEEi
ReachSafety-DeviceDriversLinux64 2 tasks		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CPU time		0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s
Cover-Branches 9825 tasks		2197	4826	-	5132	5146	5478	5418	3987	3023	497
CPU time		1700000 s	5700000 s		4500000 s	6200000 s	8800000 s	8500000 s	4900000 s	2700000 s	6100000 s
ReachSafety-Arrays 468 tasks		96	316	-	382	375	389	389	305	152	351
CPU time		150000 s	340000 s		40000 s	290000 s	420000 s	420000 s	320000 s	64000 s	310000 s
ReachSafety-BitVectors 62 tasks		36	49	-	49	48	49	49	16	32	48
CPU time		35000 s	21000 s		34000 s	41000 s	56000 s	56000 s	7900 s	22000 s	32000 s
ReachSafety-ControlFlow 87 tasks		47	50	-	53	54	58	58	21	36	56
CPU time		61000 s	48000 s		24000 s	63000 s	77000 s	77000 s	48000 s	41000 s	39000 s
ReachSafety-ECA											
CPU time											

Test-Comp 2023: Beyer. **Software Testing: 5th Comparative Evaluation: Test-Comp 2023**. Proc. FASE, 2023.

6th Competition on Software Testing (Test-Comp 2024)

- 2024 (to be published):
 - 20 participants from 7 countries
 - 8 first-time participants
- All participants produce test suites in our XML format
- TestCov performs all coverage measurement

Participants	Plots	cetfuzz	CoVeriTest	ESBMC-kind	FDSE	Fizzer	FuSeBMC	FuSeBMC-AI	HybridTiger	KLEE	KLEEi
ReachSafety 2 tasks		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CPU time		0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s
Cover-Branches 9825 tasks		2197	4826	-	5132	5146	5478	5418	3987	3023	497
CPU time		170000 s	570000 s		450000 s	620000 s	880000 s	850000 s	490000 s	270000 s	61000 s
ReachSafety-Arrays 468 tasks		96	316	-	382	375	389	389	305	152	351
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CPU time		35000 s	21000 s		34000 s	41000 s	56000 s	56000 s	7900 s	22000 s	32000 s
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ReachSafety-ECA											

Test-Comp 2023: Beyer. **Software Testing: 5th Comparative Evaluation: Test-Comp 2023**. Proc. FASE, 2023.

6th Competition on Software Testing (Test-Comp 2024)

- I participate with PRTTest¹, a Plain Random Tester
- < 500 lines of code
- Idea: simple baseline
- Fun fact: **best** for branch coverage in category 'Hardware'

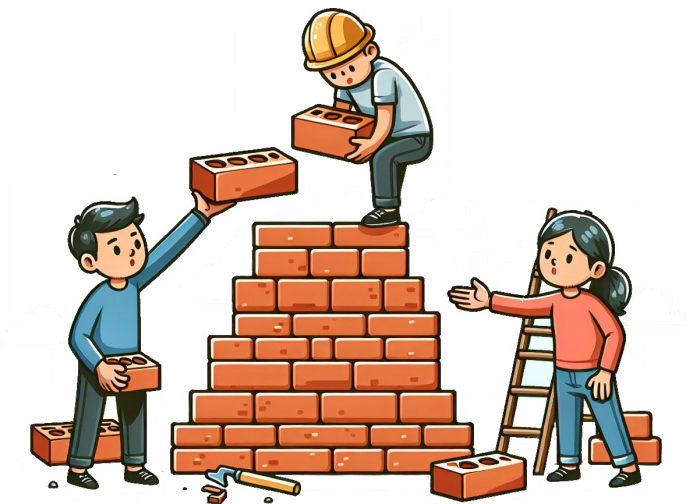


cetfuzz	CoVeriTest	ESBMC-kind	FDSE	Fizzer	FuSeBMC	FuSeBMC-AI	HybridTiger	KLEE	KLEEF	Legion	Legion/SymCC	Owi	PRTTest
559	851	-	682	862	751	760	631	286	698	569	640	1	965
10000 s	780000 s		530000 s	930000 s	960000 s	960000 s	860000 s	680000 s	920000 s	930000 s	920000 s	930000 s	960000 s

¹Lemberger. **Plain random test generation with PRTTest**. *STTT*, 2020.

Limitations of Test-Comp

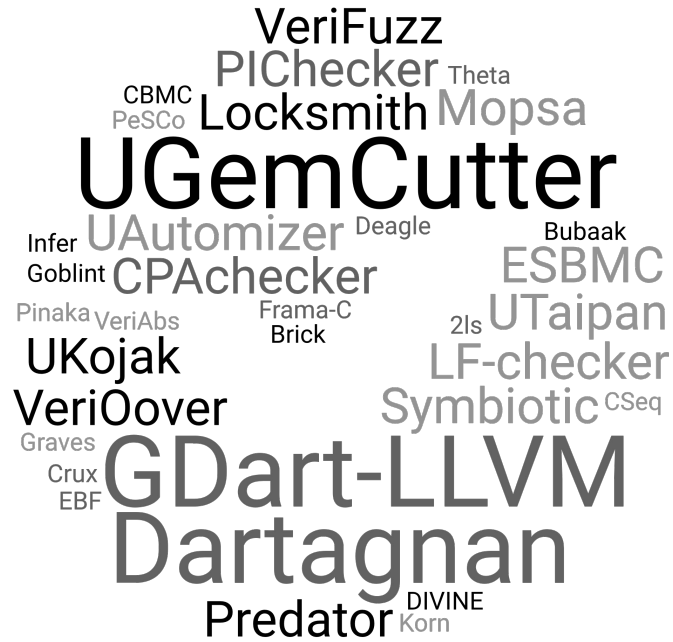
- Only branch coverage + bug finding (no MC/DC, mutation testing)
- One fixed resource limit
 - 900s CPU time, 15 GB memory
- *Only a benchmark set*
- ... but the largest available for the verification of C:
 - busybox, Linux, OpenBSD, sqlite, coreutils, ...
- TestCov does not support concurrency

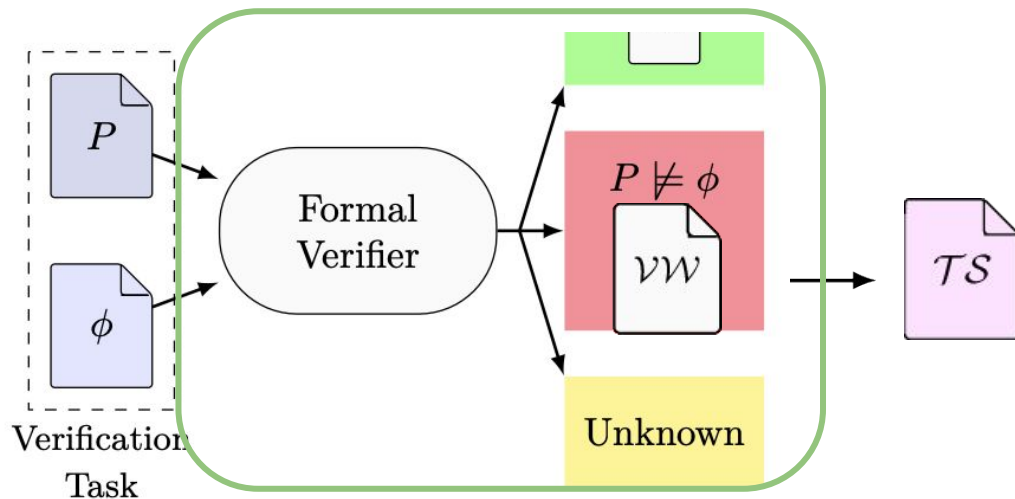


6th Competition on Software Testing (Test-Comp 2024)

12th Competition on Software Verification (SV-COMP 2023)

- Common input- and output-language simplify cooperation off-the-shelf
- Cooperation for formal verification:
 - Reducer-based construction of conditional verifiers (*ICSE 2018*)
 - Decomposing CEGAR with witness formats (*ICSE 2022*)
- Cooperation for testing:
 - **Tests from witnesses**
 - **Conditional testing**
- Weakness: Information loss in witness export



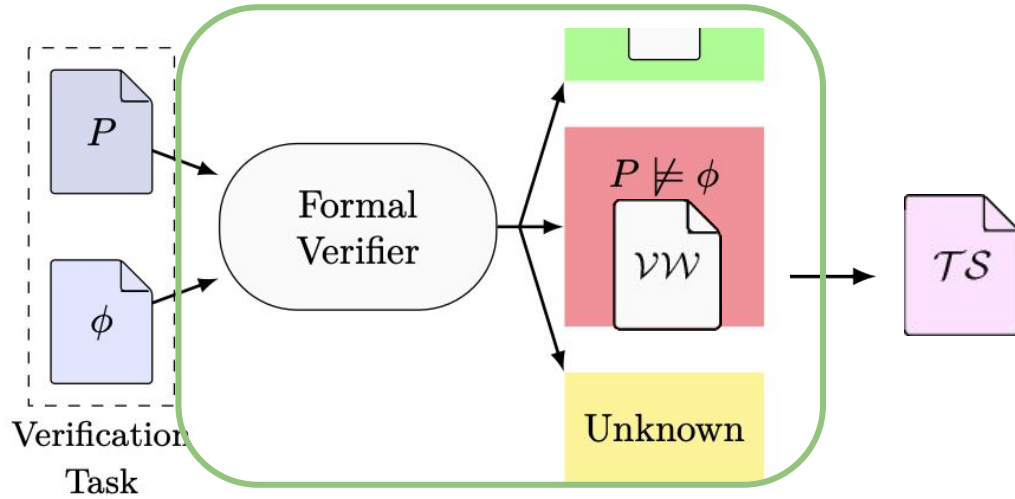


- Exists for proprietary formats¹
- But we turn any SV-COMP verifier into a test generator²
- Advantages:
 - Precise validation through execution
 - Well-known user experience
- Tool: CPA-witness2test

¹Beyer, Chlipala, Henzinger, Jhala, Majumdar: **Generating Tests from Counterexamples**. *Proc. ICSE*, 2004.

Visser, Pasareanu, Kurshid. **Test Input Generation with Java PathFinder**. *Proc. ISSTA*, 2004.

²Beyer, Dangl, Lemberger, Tautschnig. **Tests from Witnesses: Execution-Based Validation of Verification Results**. *Proc. TAP*, 2018.



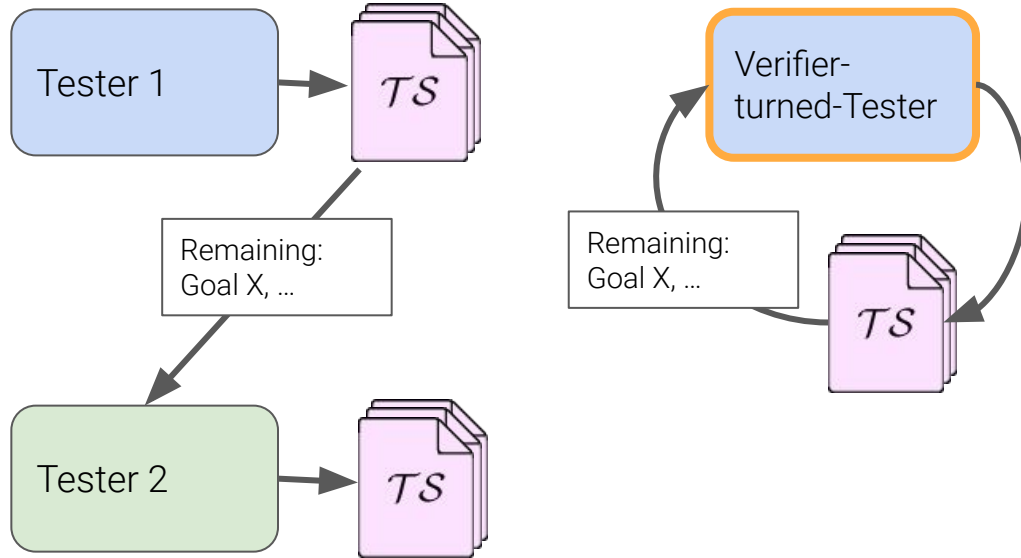
- Limitations:
 - Only works if witness precise enough
 - Only single test case

¹Beyer, Chlipala, Henzinger, Jhala, Majumdar: **Generating Tests from Counterexamples**. *Proc. ICSE*, 2004.

Visser, Pasareanu, Kurshid. **Test Input Generation with Java PathFinder**. *Proc. ISSTA*, 2004.

²Beyer, Dangl, Lemberger, Tautschnig. **Tests from Witnesses: Execution-Based Validation of Verification Results**. *Proc. TAP*, 2018.





- Communicate information about remaining coverage goals through coverage measurement and code transformation
- Tool: **CondTest**

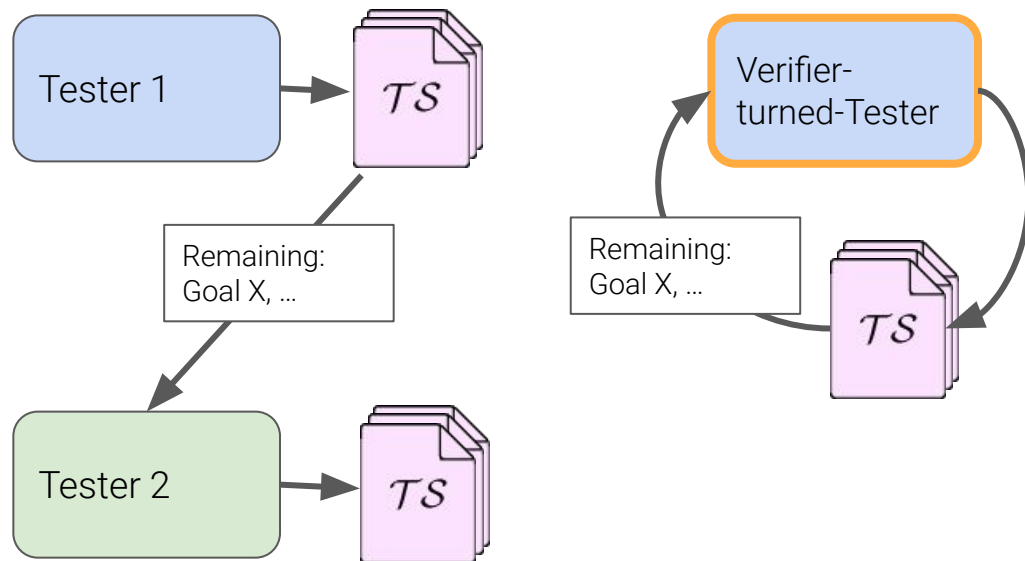
¹Beyer, Lemberger. **Conditional Testing - Off-the-Shelf Combination of Test-Case Generators.** *Proc. ATVA, 2019.*

²Majumdar, Sen. **Hybrid Concolic Testing.** *Proc. ICSE 2007.*

Daca, Gupta, Henzinger. **Abstraction-driven Concolic Testing.** *Proc. VMCAI 2015.*

³Beyer, Henzinger, Keremoglu, Wendler. **Conditional Model Checking: A Technique to Pass Information between Verifiers.** *Proc. FSE, 2012.*

⁴Beyer, Jakobs, Lemberger, Wehrheim. **Reducer-Based Construction of Conditional Verifiers.** *Proc. ICSE, 2018.*



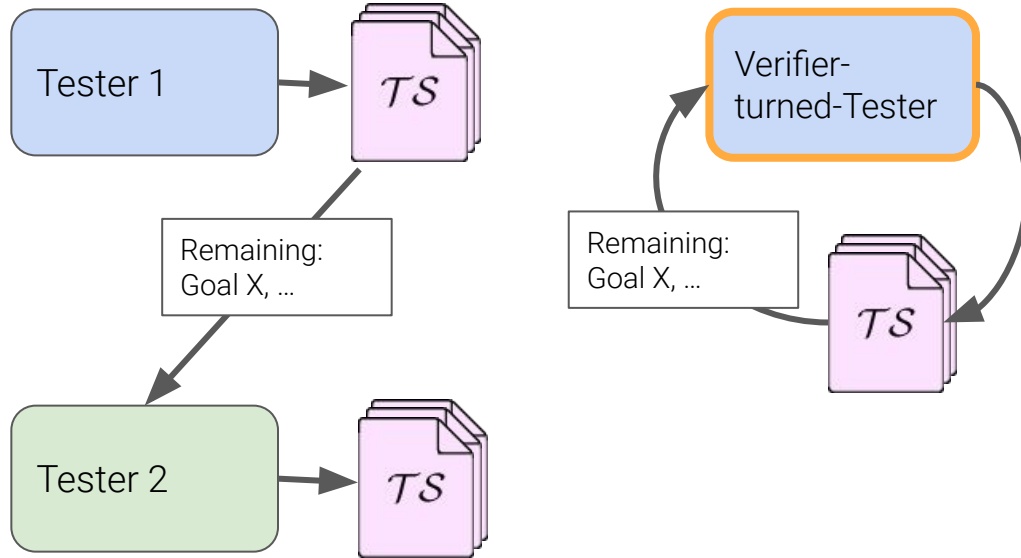
- In-tool cooperations existed before²
- We developed a similar approach for formal verifiers³

¹Beyer, Lemberger. **Conditional Testing - Off-the-Shelf Combination of Test-Case Generators.** *Proc. ATVA, 2019.*

²Majumdar, Sen. **Hybrid Concolic Testing.** *Proc. ICSE 2007.*

Daca, Gupta, Henzinger. **Abstraction-driven Concolic Testing.** *Proc. VMCAI 2015.*

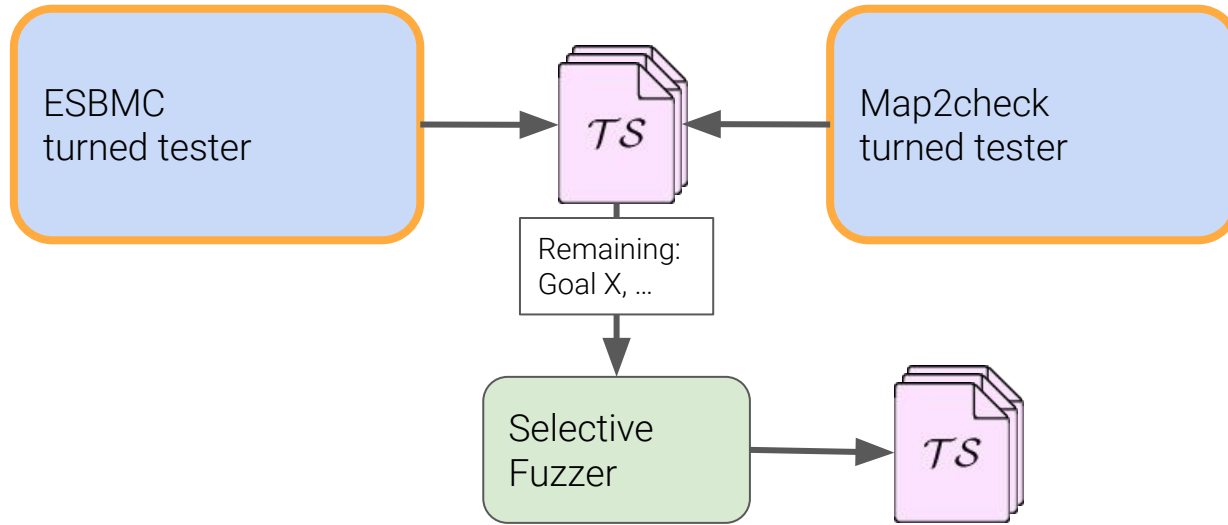
³Beyer, Jakobs, Lemberger, Wehrheim. **Reducer-Based Construction of Conditional Verifiers.** *Proc. ICSE, 2018.*



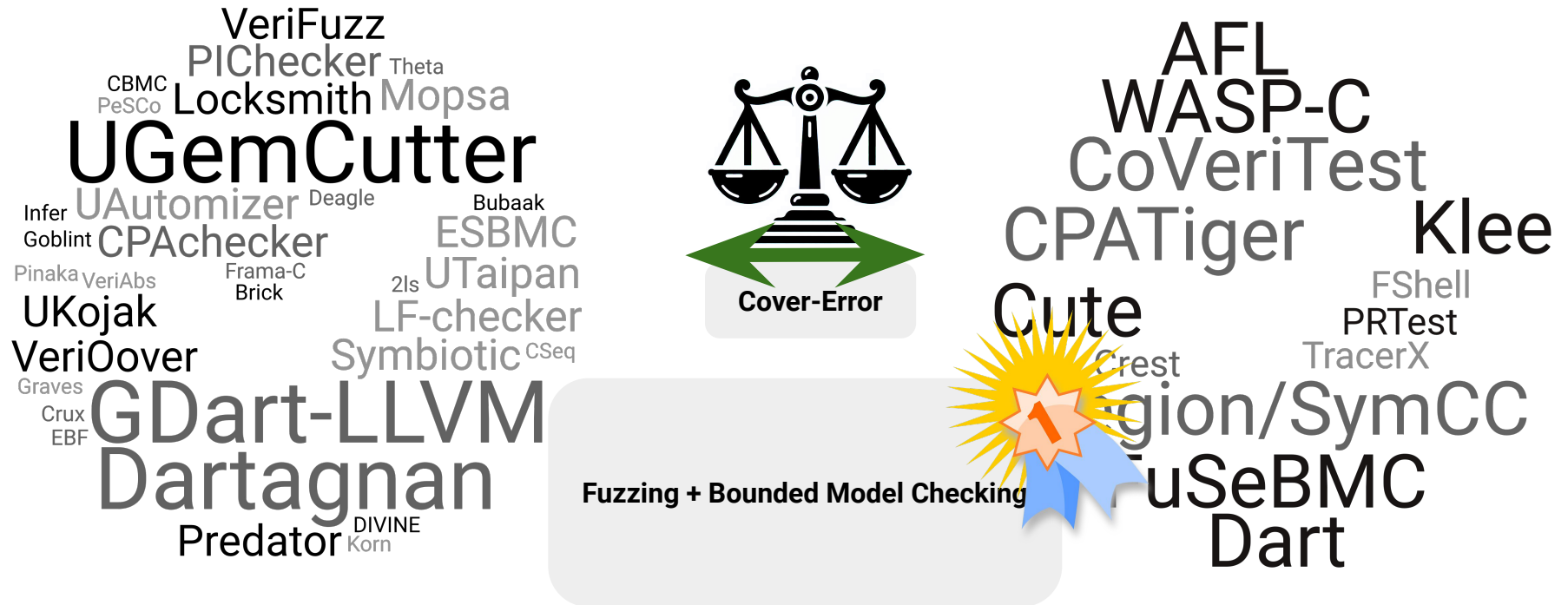
- Advantages:
 - Avoid redundant work
 - Flexible combinations
 - Turn verifiers through cyclic combination into full-fledged test generators
- Limitations: Code transformations are imprecise (syntax-based) or expensive (semantics-based)

¹Beyer, Lemberger. **Conditional Testing - Off-the-Shelf Combination of Test-Case Generators.** *Proc. ATVA, 2019.*

- FuSeBMC¹ uses this technique to combine ESBMC and Map2check
- Overall winner of Test-Comp 2022, 2023, and 2024



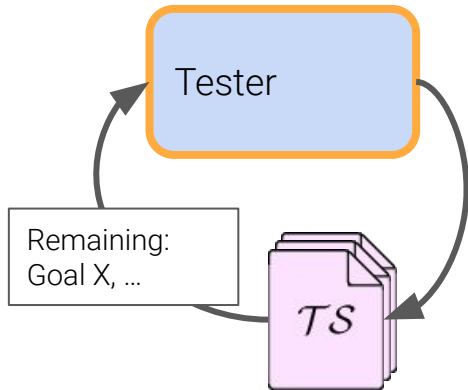
¹Alshmrany, Menezes, Gadelha, Cordeiro. **FuSeBMC: A White-Box Fuzzer for Finding Security Vulnerabilities in C Programs (Competition Contribution)**. *Proc. FASE, 2021*.

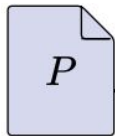


Beyer, Lemberger. **Six Years Later: Testing vs. Model Checking.** Under submission, STTT, 2024.

Conclusion

- Made Test-Comp possible: Fair comparison, common language for > 20 testers
- Accidentally showed that plain random testing can be very effective
- Turned all SV-COMP verifiers into test generators
- Concepts and tooling for off-the-shelf cooperations
- Conditional testing used by Test-Comp winner FuSeBMC
- All tools are open source and evaluation results publicly available



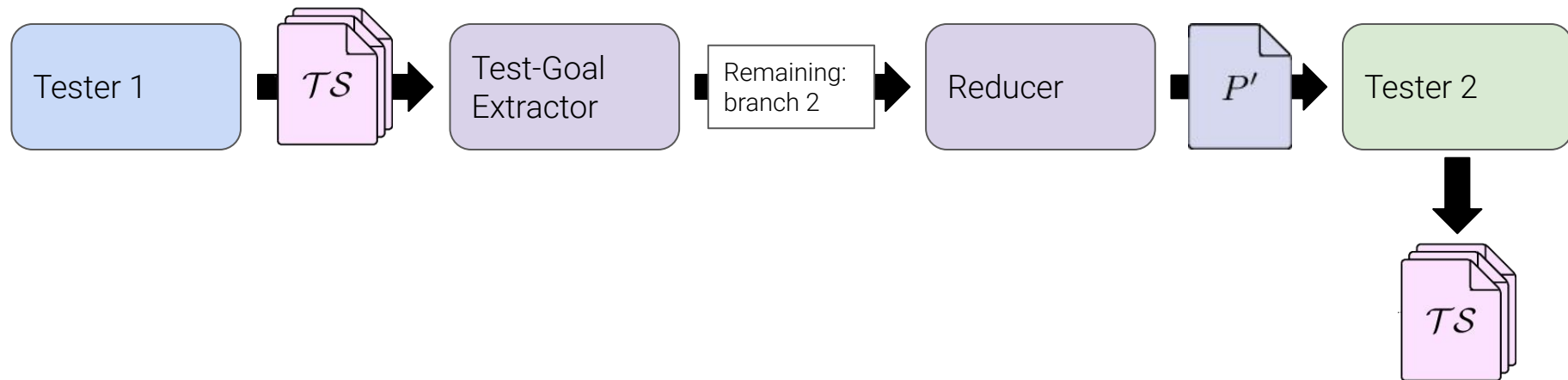


```
extern unsigned int __VERIFIER_nondet_uint();
int main() {
    int i, n=__VERIFIER_nondet_uint(), sn=0;
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++) {
        if (i<10)
            sn = sn + a;
    }
    __VERIFIER_assert(sn==n*a || sn == 0);
}
```

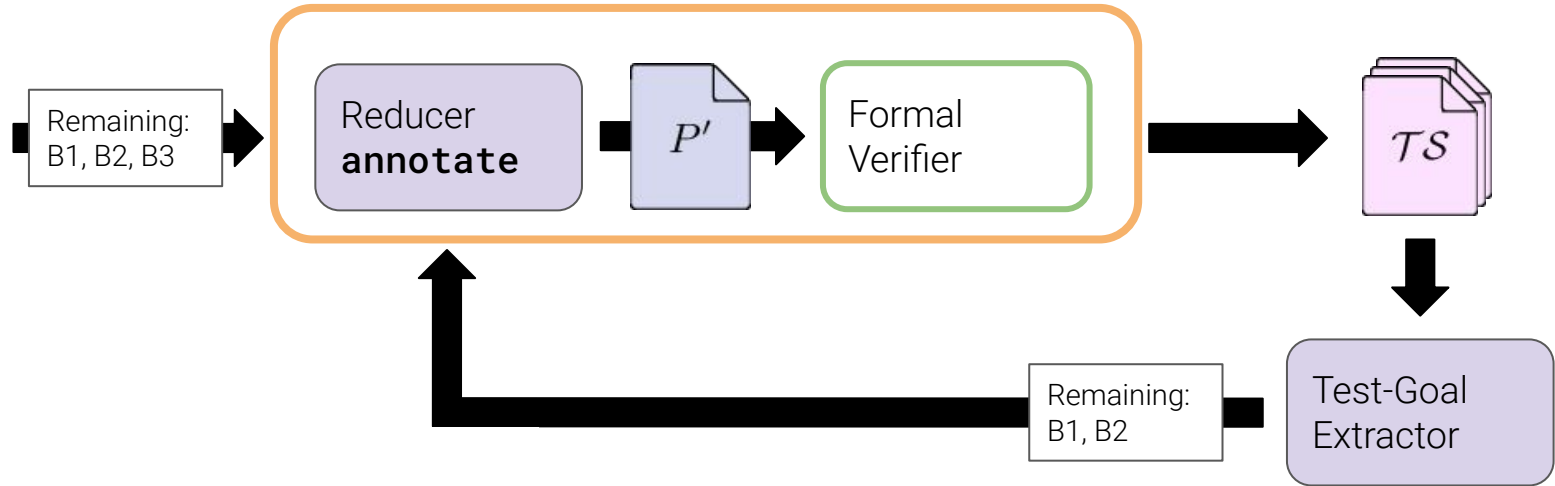


```
CHECK( init(main()), LTL(G !
call(reach_error())) )
```


Conditional Testing



Beyer, Lemberger. **Conditional Testing - Off-the-Shelf Combination of Test-Case Generators.** *Proc. ATVA, 2019.*



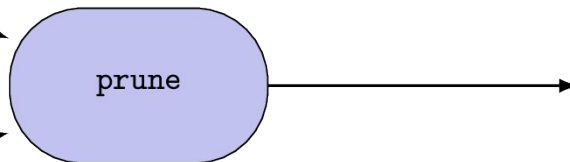
- Turn any verifier into a full-blown test generator

Beyer, Lemberger. **Conditional Testing - Off-the-Shelf Combination of Test-Case Generators.** *Proc. ATVA, 2019.*

```
int i =  
__VERIFIER_nondet_int();  
if (i != 1017) {  
  while (i > 1017) {  
    // branch 1.1  
    i--;  
  }  
  // branch 1.2  
  // .. snip ..  
} else {  
  // branch 2  
  // .. snip ..  
}
```

Remaining goal: *branch 2*

- Stop program execution when it can't reach any remaining goal
- Syntactic reachability only
- Poor opportunities for pruning



```
int i =  
__VERIFIER_nondet_int();  
if (i != 1017) {  
  exit(1);  
} else {  
  // branch 2  
  // .. snip ..  
}
```

```
int i =  
__VERIFIER_nondet_int();  
if (i != 1017) {  
  while (i > 1017) {  
    // branch 1.1  
    i--;  
  }  
  // branch 1.2  
  // .. snip ..  
} else {  
  // branch 2  
  // .. snip ..  
}
```

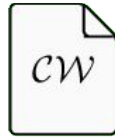
- Annotate relevant goals with `reach_error()`
- For formal verifiers



```
int i =  
__VERIFIER_nondet_int();  
if (i != 1017) {  
  while (i > 1017) {  
    // branch 1.1  
    i--;  
  }  
  // branch 1.2  
  // .. snip ..  
} else {  
  // branch 2  
  reach_error();  
  // .. snip ..  
}
```

Remaining goal: *branch 2*

Decomposing Software Verification

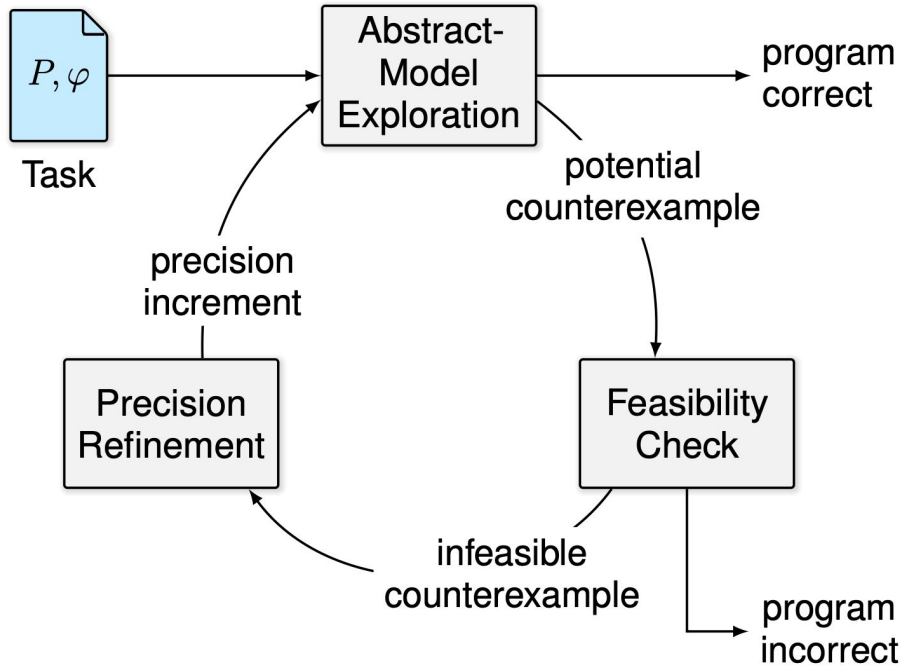


```
[...]  
content:  
- invariant:  
  type: loop_invariant  
  location:  
    file_name: "./program.c"  
    line: 4  
    column: 9  
    function: main  
  value: "x % 2 == 0"  
  format: c_expression
```

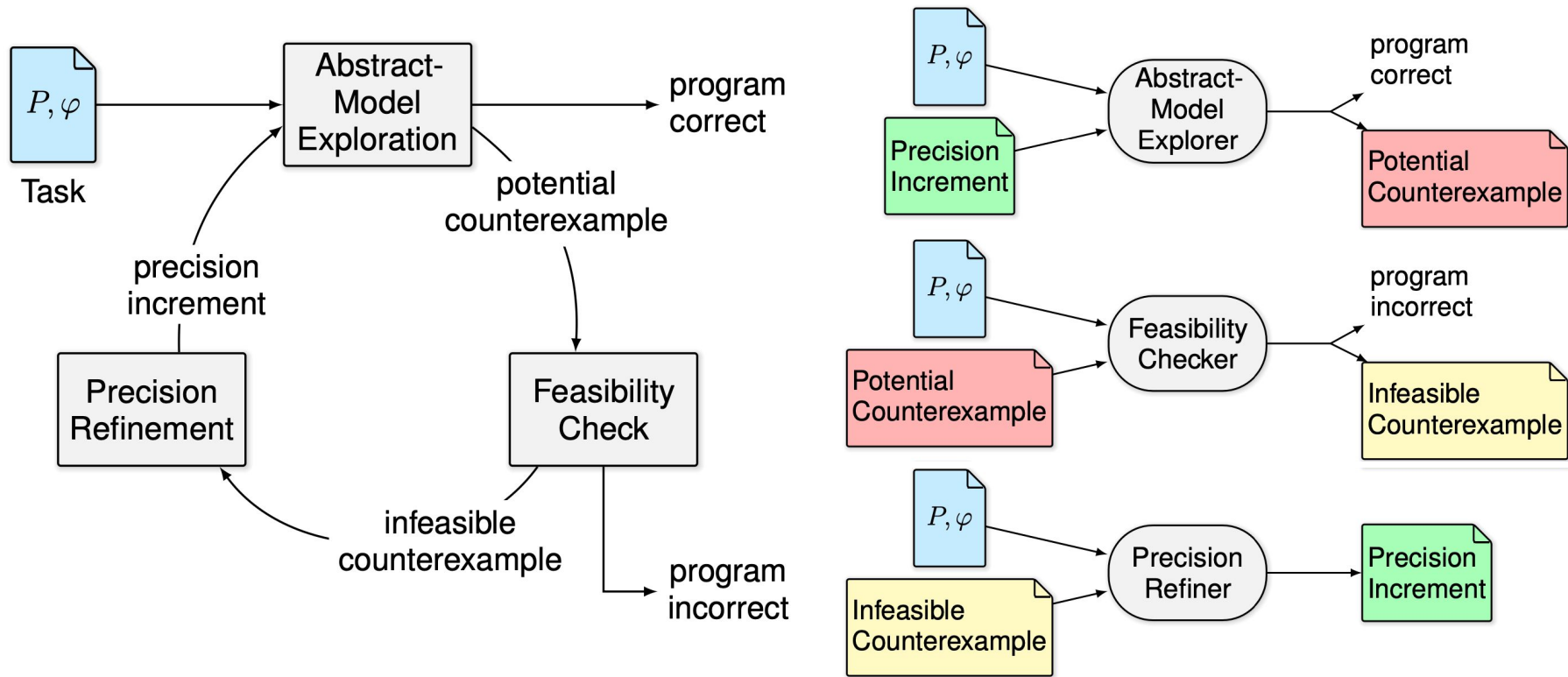


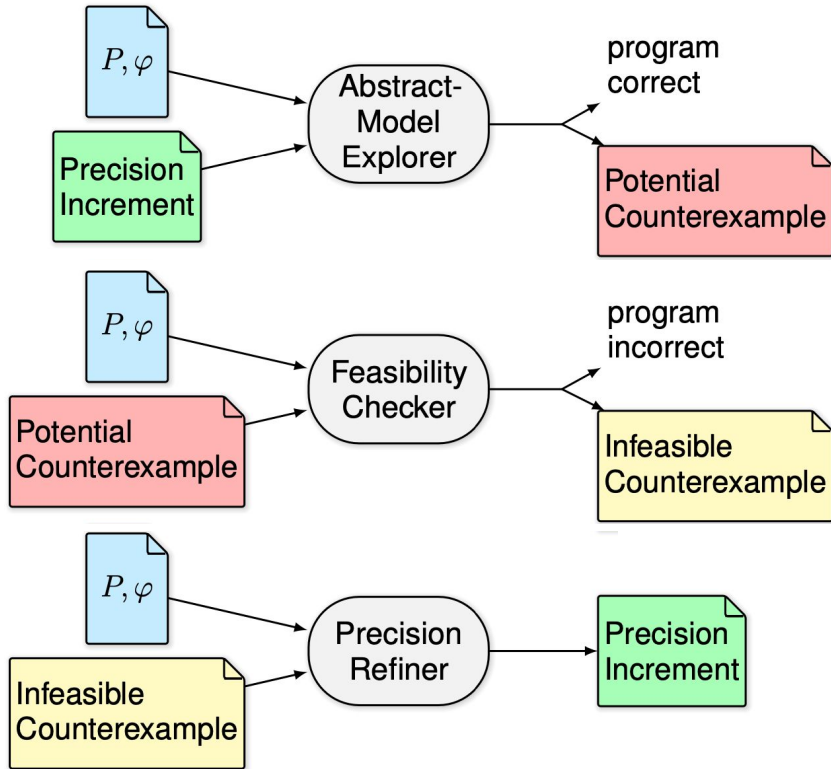
```
[...]
content:
  - segment:
      - waypoint:
          type: "branching"
          action: "follow"
          constraint:
            value: "false"
          location:
            file_name: "program.c"
            line: 7
            column: 4
      - segment:
          - waypoint:
              type: "target"
              action: "follow"
              location:
                file_name: "program.c"
                line: 9
                column: 3
```

Beyer, Dangl, Dietsch, Heizmann, Lemberger, Tautschnig. **Verification Witnesses**. ACM TOSEM, 2022.



- Common underlying schema
- Many tools implement CEGAR
- New idea → new implementation

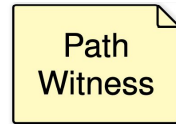




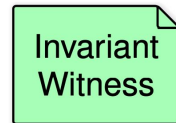
Exchange formats from SV-COMP
→ wide tool support



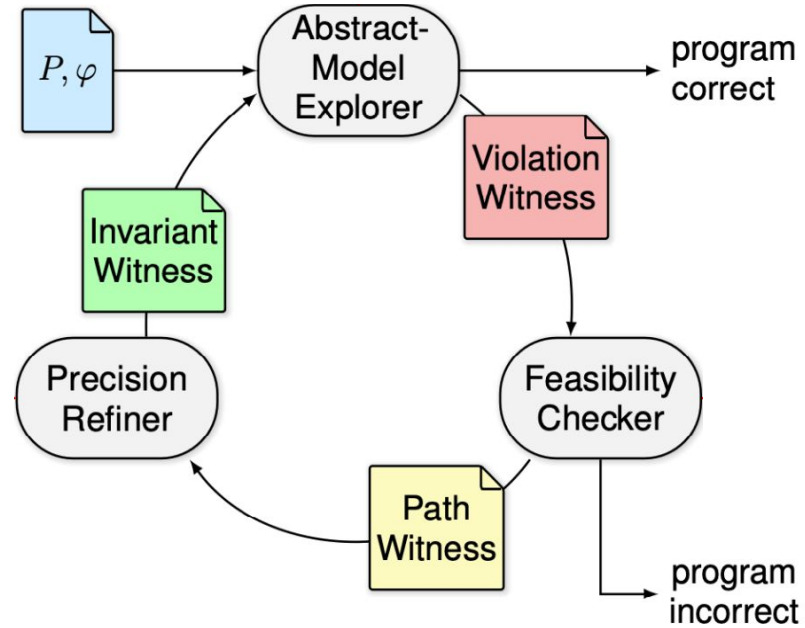
Abstract description of counterexample



Abstract description of rejected counterexample
("violation" witness)



Description of candidate invariants
("correctness" witness)

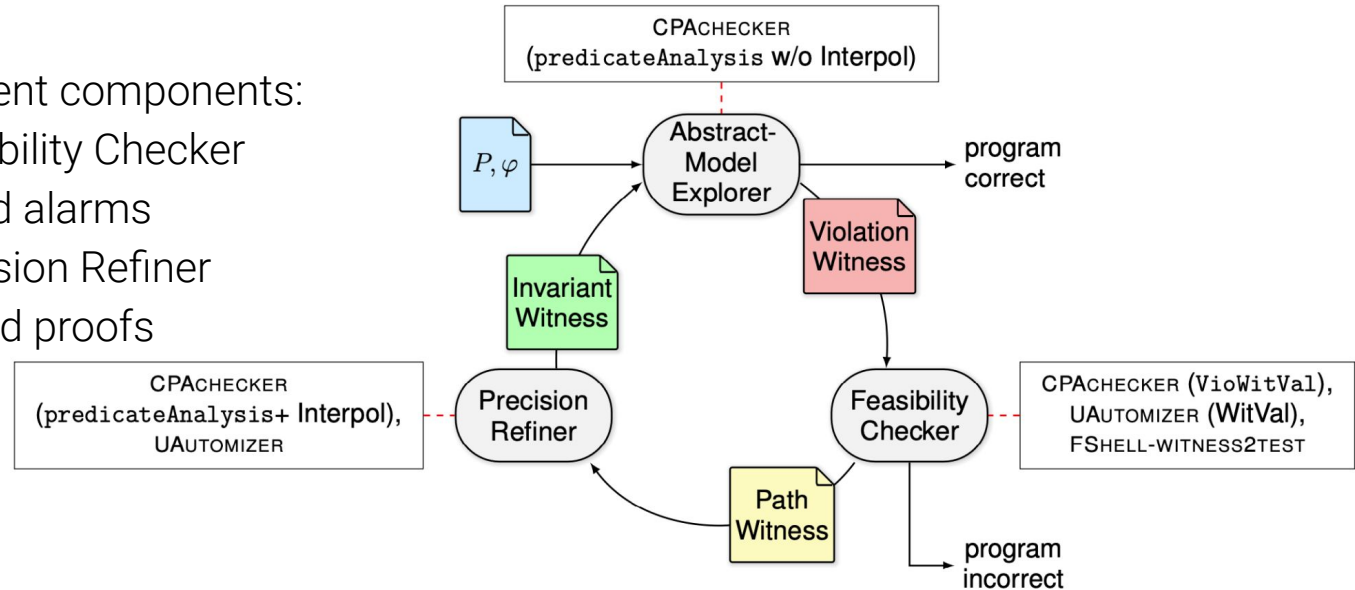


- Implementation in CoVeriTeam

1. Constant overhead.
2. Lost predicates through invariant witnesses.

3. Benefits from different components:

- Different Feasibility Checker
+93 found alarms
- Different Precision Refiner
+ 29 found proofs



- Reliable and Reproducible Coverage Measurement
- Native test execution of alien programs is risky
- gcov and llvm-cov do not report actual *branch* coverage

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
    int x; scanf("%d", &x);
    int y; scanf("%d", &y);

    if (x > 0 && y > x) {
        return 0;
    } else {
        return 1;
    }
}
```

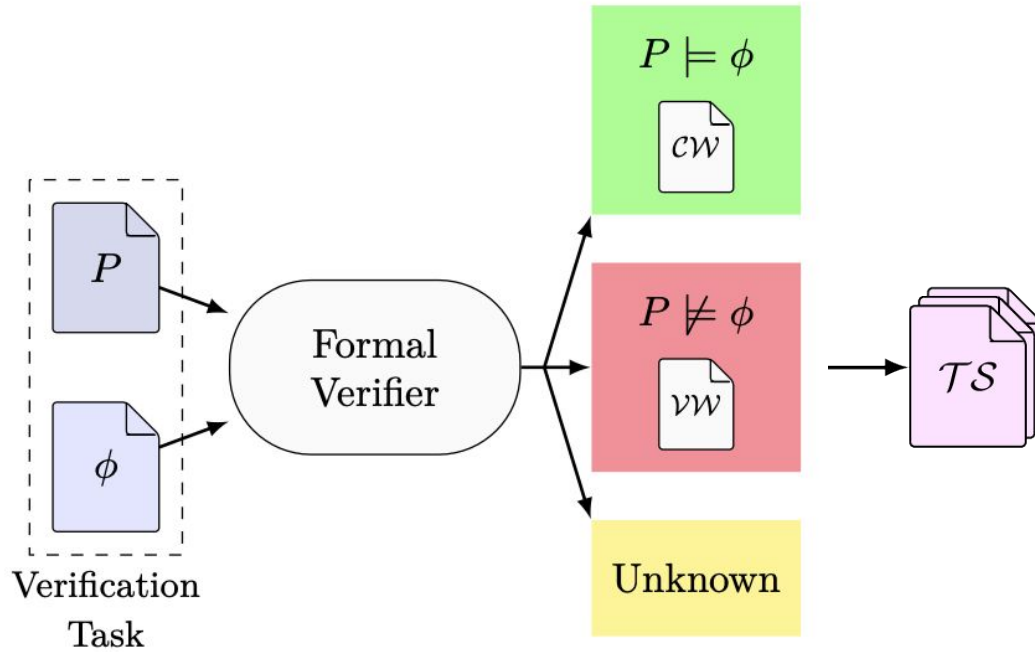
Input: x = -1, y = 0

```
if (x > 0 && y > x) {
branch 0 taken 0% (fallthrough)
branch 1 taken 100%
branch 2 never executed
branch 3 never executed
#####: 7:         return 0;
-:      8:         } else {
1:      9:         return 1;
-:     10:         }
-:     11: }
```

- Reliable and Reproducible Coverage Measurement
- Native test execution of alien programs is risky
- gcov and llvm-cov do not report actual *branch* coverage

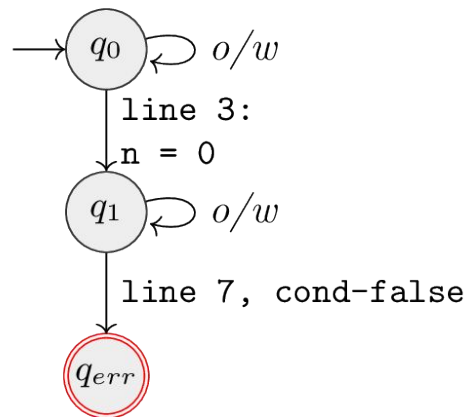
- **TestCov** provides:
 - Coverage instrumentation on the C-code level with clang libtooling
 - Lightweight containerization with BenchExec, per test execution
 - Support for sv-benchmarks properties and TestComp test-suite formats

- Used in Test-Comp for 6 years



- Make any verifier a test-case generator
- Foundation: established standard of violation witnesses¹

```
1 int main(void) {  
2   unsigned int x = 0;  
3   unsigned short n = nondet();  
4   while (x < n) {  
5     x += 2;  
6   }  
7   if (x % 2 == 0) {}  
8   else  
9     reach_error();  
10 }
```



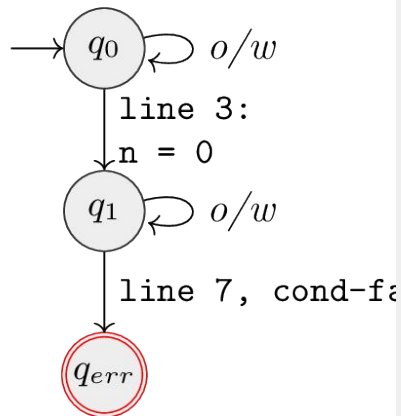
¹ Beyer, Dangl, Dietsch, Heizmann, Lemberger, Tautschnig. **Verification Witnesses**. *ACM Trans. Softw. Eng. Methodol.*, 2022.

- Make any verifier a test-case generator
1. Map concrete state-space guards in violation witness to input methods
 2. Create harness

```

1 int main(void) {
2   unsigned int x = 0;
3   unsigned short n = nondet();
4   while (x < n) {
5     x += 2;
6   }
7   if (x % 2 == 0) {}
8   else
9     reach_error();
10 }

```



```

1 ushort nondet() {
2   static int calls = 0;
3   unsigned short return_val;
4   switch (calls) {
5     case 0:
6       return_val = 0;
7     default:
8       abort();
9   }
10  calls++;
11  return return_val;
12 }

```

¹ Beyer, Dangl, Lemberger, Tautschnig. **Tests from Witnesses: Execution-Based Validation of Verification Results.** *Proc. TAP 2018.*

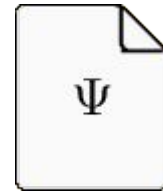
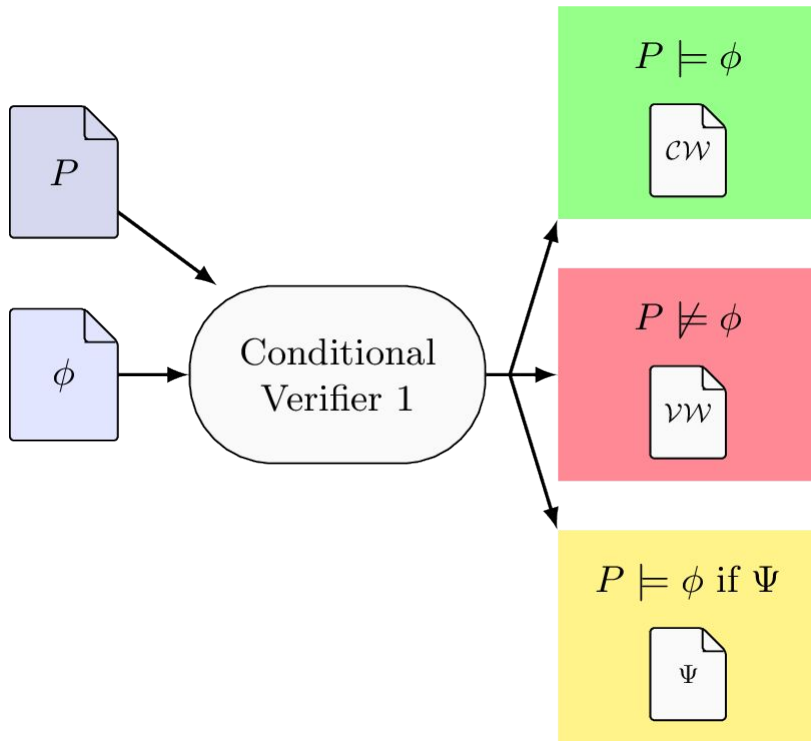
- Two implementations:
CPA-witness2test and
FShell-witness2test
- Limitation: Witness must
contain concrete input vector
(strengthening witness is
possible)
- Success rate: 35 %

Verifier	Produced witnesses			Produced tests				
	Unref.	Ref.	Total	Count	kLOC	kB	# Inputs (Avg.)	
2LS	45	992	384	1 376	1 208	89.9	3 999	7.57
BLAST	47	778	202	980	327	29.0	938	0.271
CBMC	34	831	467	1 298	1 249	67.7	2 991	6.33
CEAGLE		619	426	1 045	540	92.2	262	5.39
CPA-BAM-BnB	2	851	175	1 026	158	42.9	1 114	0
CPA-kIND	10	263	193	456	656	56.2	2 967	14.9
CPA-SEQ	23	883	767	1 650	838	95.5	3 895	1.79
DEPTHK	43	1 159	305	1 464	1 302	65.4	3 170	2.96
ESBMC	37	653	148	801	478	21.0	1 983	2.53
ESBMC-FALSI	37	981	395	1 376	1 133	53.7	1 906	1.81
ESBMC-INCR	37	970	392	1 362	1 126	53.5	1 896	1.82
ESBMC-kIND	24	847	352	1 199	1 028	48.9	1 774	1.69
FORESTER	30	51	0	51	0	0	0	-
PREDATORHP	33	86	61	147	80	17.2	434	0
SKINK	17	30	25	55	44	0.290	8	0
SMACK	41	871	632	1 503	1 576	128	5 654	6.09
SYMBIOTIC	19	927	411	1 338	589	38.1	1 375	0
SYMDIVINE	38	247	224	471	405	13.4	580	0
UAUTOMIZER	29	514	70	584	121	2.24	59	0
UKOJAK	40	309	67	376	116	2.15	55	0
UTAIPAN	26	338	70	408	121	2.23	59	0
Total		13 200	5 766	18 966	13 095	920	35 119	5.60

- Make any verifier a test-case generator
- Advantages:
 - Compared to previous work, over XX verifiers can be turned into testers
 - Formal techniques are very good at finding bugs [**HVC paper**]
 - Bugs found by formal verifiers can be examined through execution
- Limitations:
 - Witness must contain concrete input vector
 - At this state, verifier only produces a single witness → only a single test

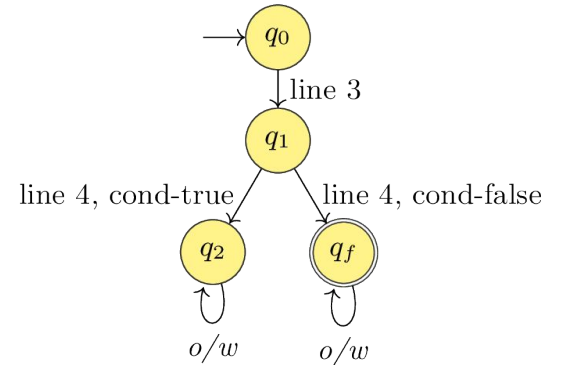
- Transfers conditional model checking to difference verification
- Turn any verifier into incremental verifier

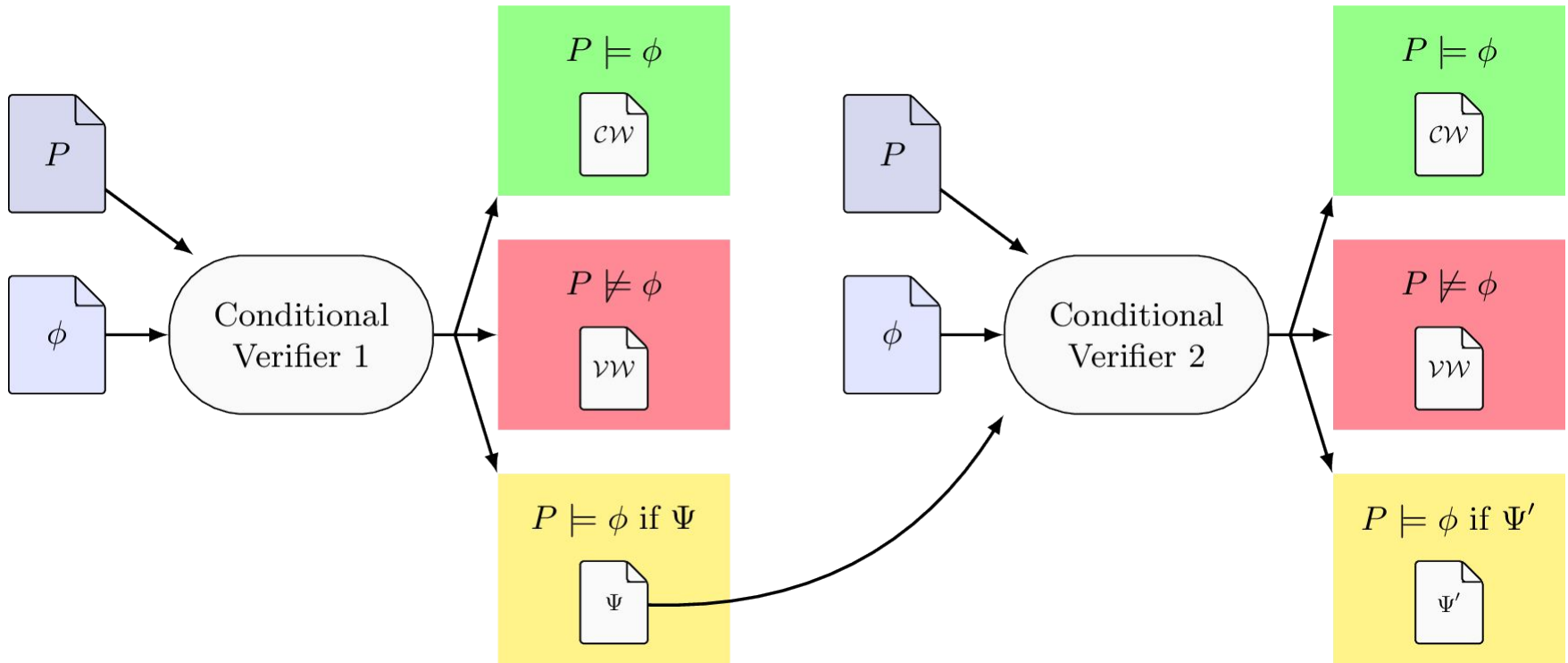
- Transfers conditional model checking to difference verification
- Turn any verifier into incremental verifier



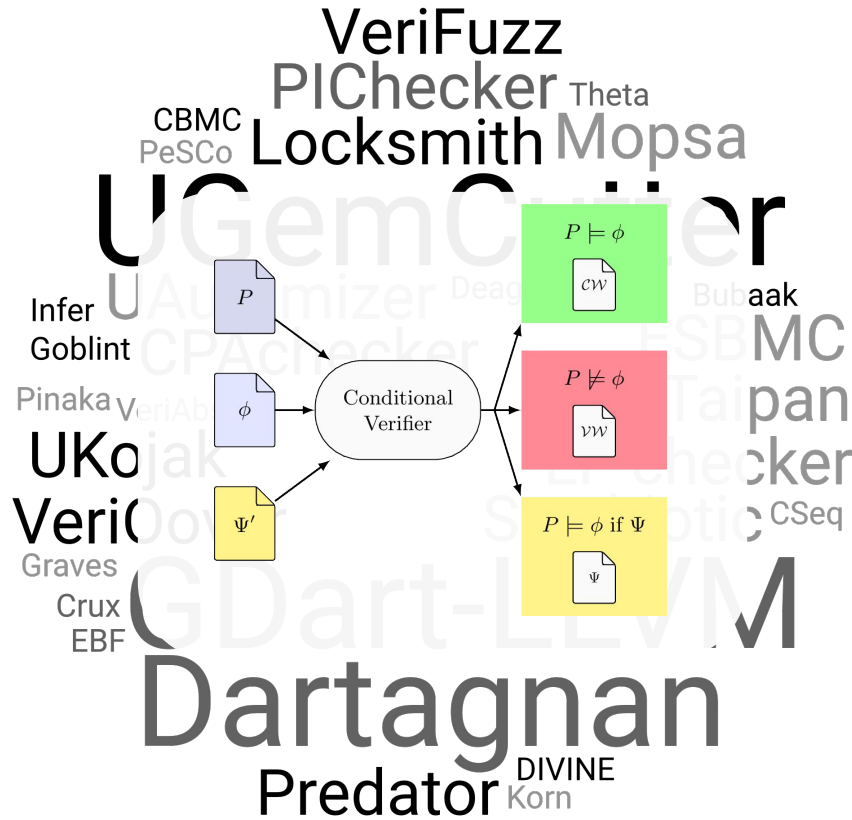
Condition. Automaton that describes the already-explored state-space with *source-code guards* and *state-space guards*.

A condition covers a program execution if its run leads to an accepting state.





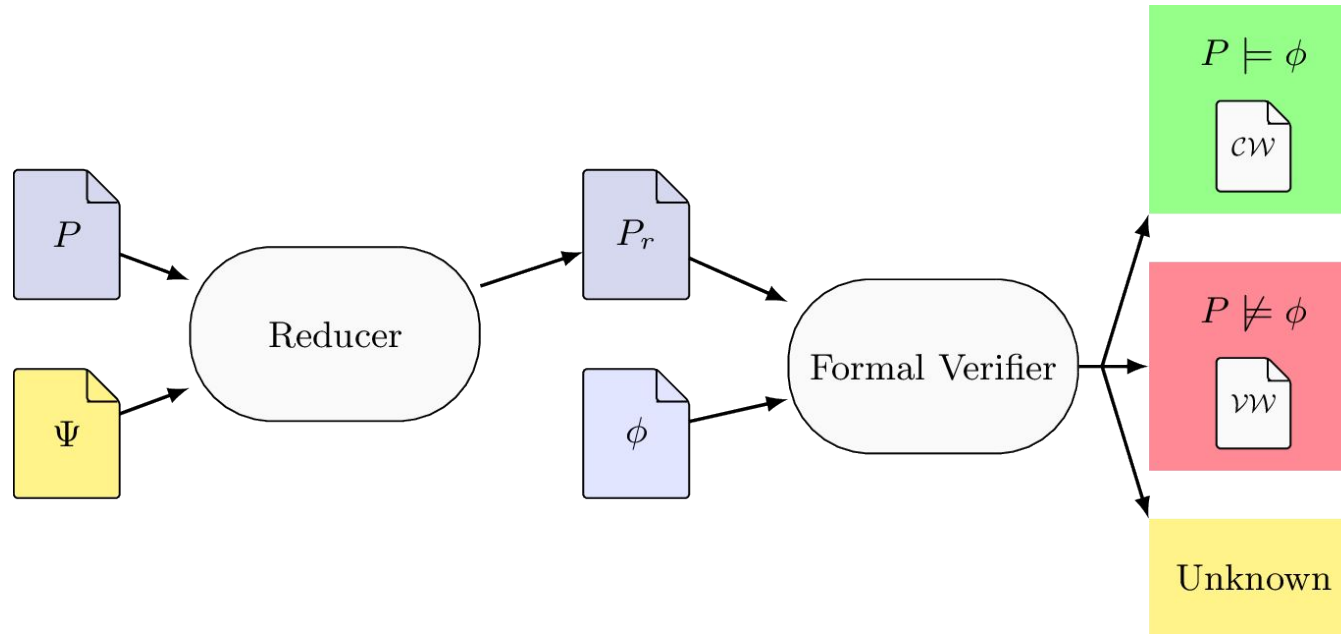
Beyer, Henzinger, Keremoglu, Wendler: Conditional Model Checking: A Technique to Pass Information between Verifiers. *Proc. FSE, 2012.*



- Conditional Verification is a great idea!
- But there is only one conditional verifier: CPAchecker.

- ❌ Create providers of conditions?
- ✅ Create consumers of conditions?

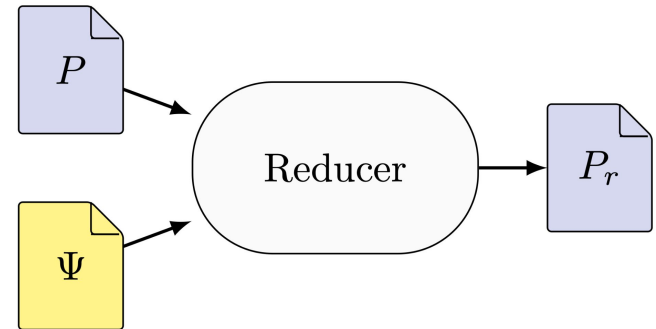
Reducer-Based Construction of Conditional Verifiers



Beyer, Jakobs, Lemberger, Wehrheim: Reducer-Based Construction of Conditional Verifiers. Proc. ICSE, 2018.

A mapping from program P and condition ψ to residual program P_r is a reducer, iff:

The state space of P_r is a superset of the state space of P that is not covered by ψ .



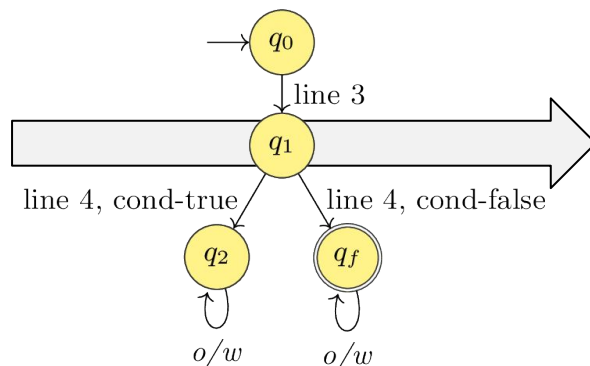
Example Reducers:

- Identity
- Parallel Composition

Beyer, Jakobs, Lemberger, Wehrheim: Reducer-Based Construction of Conditional Verifiers. *Proc. ICSE, 2018.*

Reducer: Parallel Composition

```
1 int main() {  
2   int out;  
3   int val = nondet();  
4   if (val >= 0) {  
5     out = val%2 * val%3;  
6   } else {  
7     out = -val;  
8   }  
9   if (out < 0) {  
10    reach_error();  
11  }  
12 }
```



```
1 int main() {  
2   int out;  
3   int val = nondet_int();  
4   if (val >= 0) {  
5     out = val%2 * val%3;  
6     if (out < 0) {  
7       reach_error();  
8     }  
9   } else { }  
10 }
```

Beyer, Jakobs, Lemberger, Wehrheim: Reducer-Based Construction of Conditional Verifiers. *Proc. ICSE, 2018.*

- Two ideas:
 1. Encode proprietary exchange format in source code
→ Idea transferred to verification witnesses by MetaVal
 2. Make Conditional Model Checking broader applicable
→ Used for Difference Verification

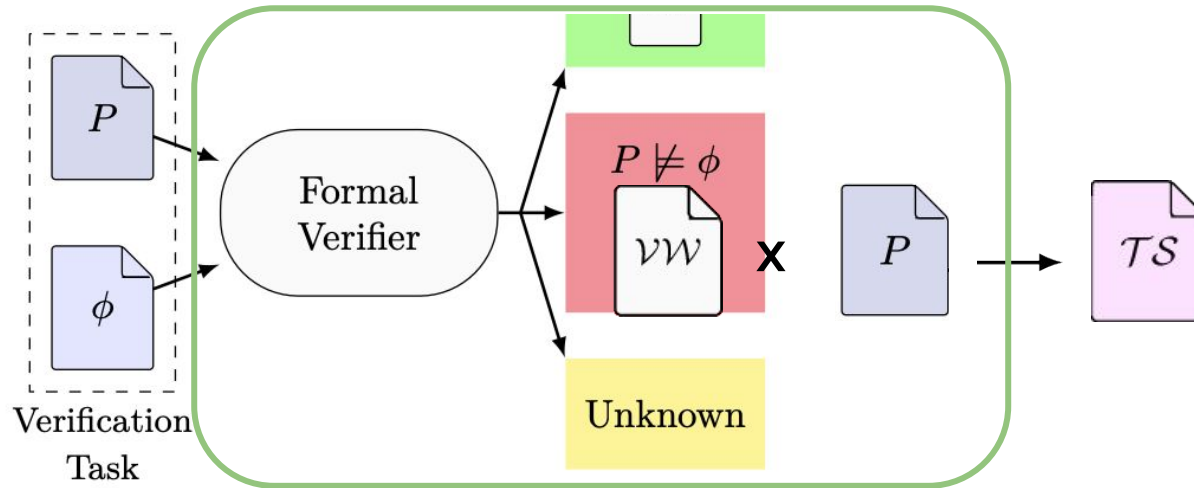
```
1 int main() {
2   int i =
  __VERIFIER_nondet_int();
3   if (i != 1017) {
4     while (i > 1017) {
5       // branch 1.1
6       i--;
7     }
8     // branch 1.2
9     // .. snip ..
10  } else {
11    // branch 2
12    // .. snip ..
13  }
14 }
```

Random
Tester

```
1 int main() {  
2   int i =  
   __VERIFIER_nondet_int();  
3   if (i != 1017) {  
4     while (i > 1017) {  
5       // branch 1.1  
6       i--;  
7     }  
8     // branch 1.2  
9     // .. snip ..  
10  } else {  
11  // branch 2  
12  // .. snip ..  
13  }  
14 }
```

Symbolic
Execution

- Exists for proprietary formats¹
- But we turn any verifier into a test generator²



¹Beyer, Chlipala, Henzinger, Jhala, Majumdar: **Generating Tests from Counterexamples**. *Proc. ICSE*, 2004.

Visser, Pasareanu, Kurshid. **Test Input Generation with Java PathFinder**. *Proc. ISSTA*, 2004.

²Beyer, Dangl, Lemberger, Tautschnig. **Tests from Witnesses: Execution-Based Validation of Verification Results**. *Proc. TAP*, 2018.

D. Beyer and T. Lemberger: **Software Verification: Testing vs. Model Checking**. Proc. HVC, 2017.

D. Beyer, M. Dangl, T. Lemberger, and M. Tautschnig: **Tests from Witnesses: Execution-Based Validation of Verification Results**. Proc. TAP, 2018.

D. Beyer and T. Lemberger: **TestCov: Robust Test-Suite Execution and Coverage Measurement**. Proc. ASE, 2019.

T. Lemberger: **Plain random test generation with PRTTest**. STTT, 2020.

D. Beyer, M.-C. Jakobs, T. Lemberger, and H. Wehrheim: **Reducer-Based Construction of Conditional Verifiers**. Proc. ICSE, 2018.

D. Beyer and T. Lemberger: **Conditional Testing: Off-the-Shelf Combination of Test-Case Generators**. Proc. ATVA, 2019.

D. Beyer, M.-C. Jakobs, and T. Lemberger: **Difference Verification with Conditions**. Proc. SEFM, 2020.

D. Beyer, J. Haltermann, T. Lemberger, and H. Wehrheim: **Decomposing Software Verification into Off-the-Shelf Components: An Application to CEGAR**. Proc. ICSE, 2022.