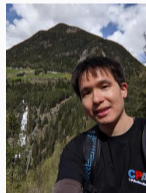


# A Transferability Study of Interpolation-Based Hardware Model Checking for Software Verification

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**Presenter: Marek Jankola**

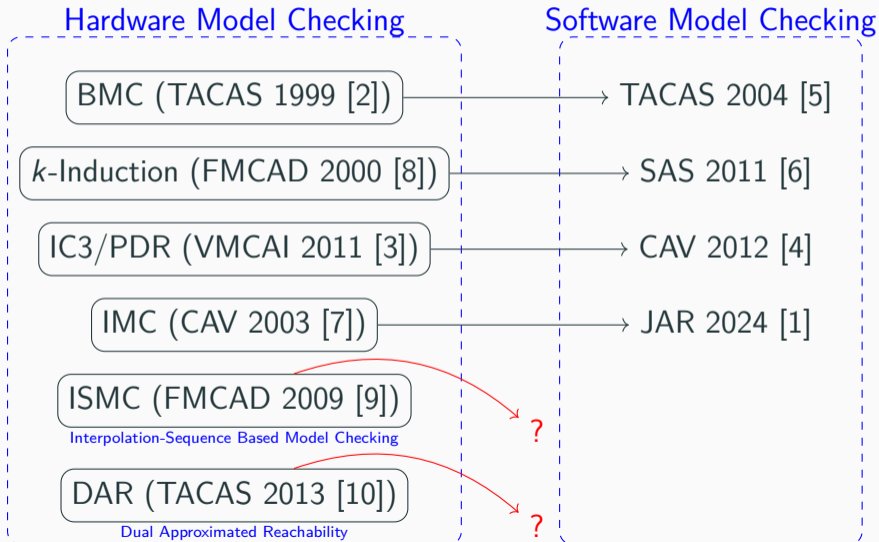
Dirk Beyer, Po-Chun Chien, Nian-Ze Lee



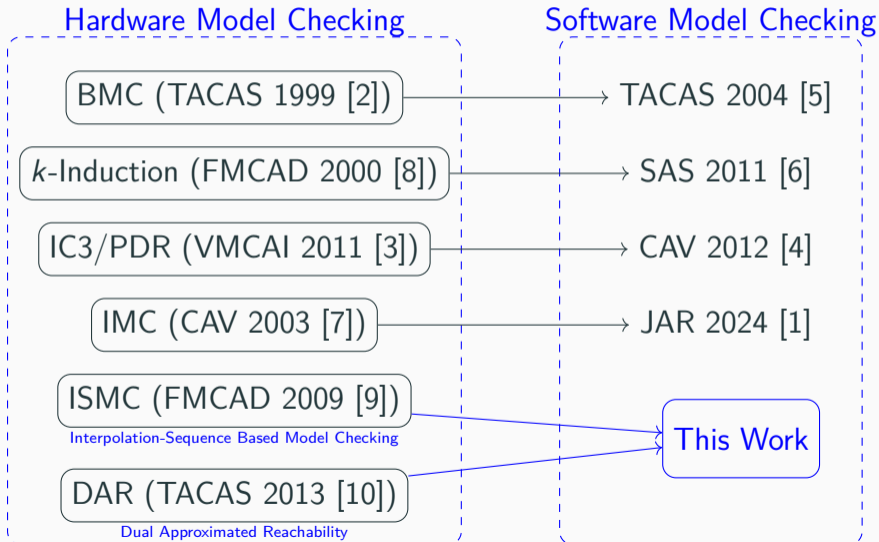
July 17, 2024  
LMU Munich, SoSy-Lab



# Motivation



# Motivation



# Summary

- First systematic transferability study of hardware model checking
- ISMC and DAR are useful in software verification
- Evaluation confirms important claims for software
- Open-source implementation of ISMC and DAR in `CPACHECKER`

# Basic Definitions and Common Characteristics

- State-transition system:  $\mathcal{M} = (I(s), T(s, s'))$  and a reachability-safety property  $P(s)$
- BMC check:  $I(s_0) \wedge T(s_0, s_1) \wedge \dots \wedge T(s_{k-1}, s_k) \wedge \neg P(s_k)$  (UNSAT = No Error)
- Interpolation sequence: formulas  $\langle \tau_1, \dots, \tau_k \rangle$  overapproximating sets of states reachable in  $1, 2, \dots, k$  steps
- **BMC checks** vs **fixed-point computation**

# Conceptual Differences between the Algorithms

	Fixed Point	Reuse Interpolants	Local/Global Checks
IMC	$\bigvee_{i=1}^n \tau_i$	No	Global
ISMC	$\langle R_1, \dots, R_n \rangle, R_i = \bigwedge_{j=i}^n \tau_j$	Yes	Global
DAR	$\langle F_1, \dots, F_n \rangle, \langle B_1, \dots, B_n \rangle$	Yes	Local/Global

# Study Design - ISMC vs IMC

	Hypothesis	Confirmed	
		Original	Our
H1.A	ISMC faster in finding bugs	✓	✓
H1.B	ISMC faster in proving property if high unrolling bound	✓	
H1.C	ISMC overall faster	✓	

## Study Design - DAR vs IMC

	Hypothesis	Confirmed	
		Original	Our
H2.A	DAR performs more local phases than global	✓	✓
H2.B	DAR faster in proving property	✓	
H2.C	DAR computes more interpolants	✓	✓
H2.D	DAR's run-time more sensitive to sizes of interpolants	✓	
H2.E	DAR overall faster than IMC	✓	



# Differences between Our and Previous Experimental Setups

		Ours	ISMIC [9]	DAR [10]
	platform solver	CPACHECKER MATHSAT5 (SMT)	Intel's tool Eureka (SAT)	Cadence's Jasper a SAT solver
benchmark set	source type	AWS C Comm., Linux, ... C program	Intel CPUs HW circuit	industrial HW designs HW circuit
	#safe	6020	69	37
	#unsafe	2793	67	$\geq 4$

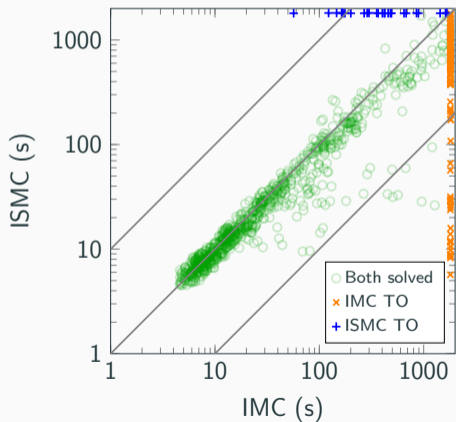
# Experimental Setup

- ISMC and DAR in the common framework with IMC: CPACHECKER
- Benchmark set: 8813 C programs from SV-COMP
- Machines with 3.40 GHz CPU (Intel Xeon E3-1230 v5)
- Cores limit: 2; CPU time limit: 1800 s; memory limit: 15 GB



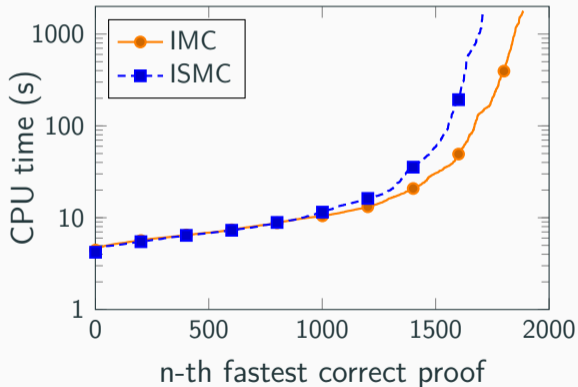
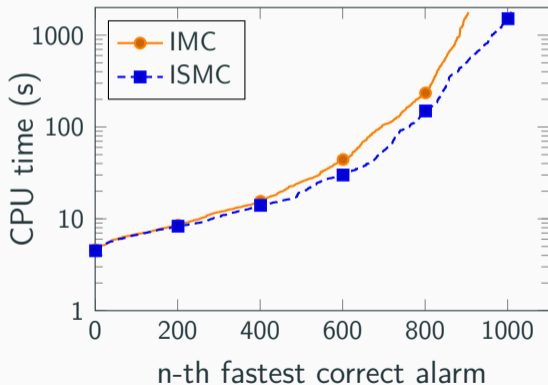
# Evaluation - ISMC

H1.A: ISMC is faster than IMC on tasks with property violation. ✓



# Evaluation - ISMC

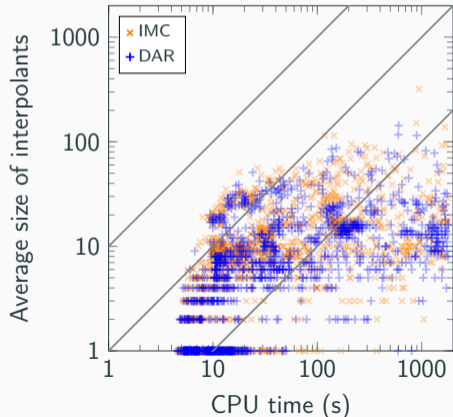
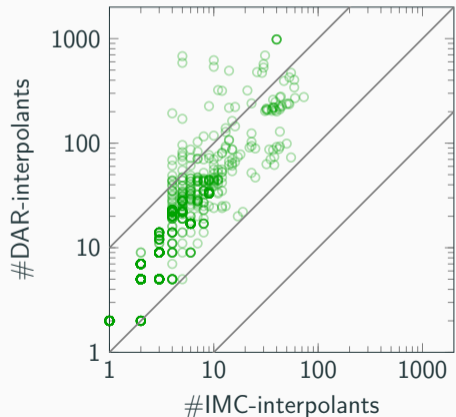
H1.C: Overall, ISMC is faster than IMC (by 30% in the original publication). ?



## Evaluation - DAR

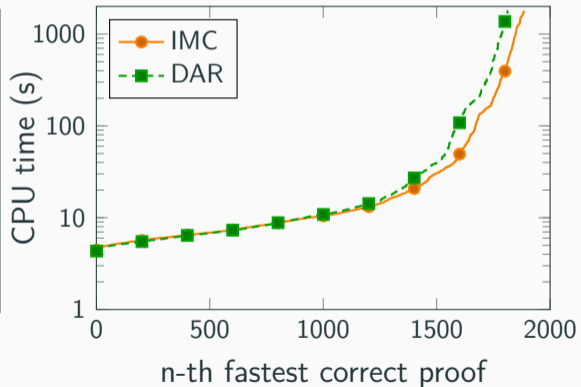
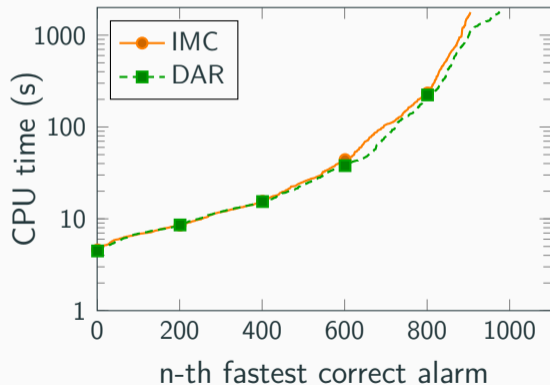
H2.C: DAR computes more interpolants than IMC. ✓

H2.D: DAR's run-time is more sensitive to the sizes of interpolants than IMC. ?



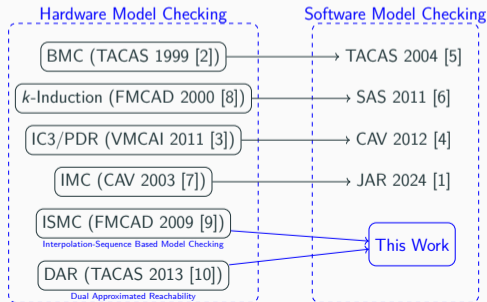
# Evaluation - DAR

H2.E: Overall, DAR is faster than IMC (by 36% in the original publication). ?



# Conclusion

- First systematic transferability study of hardware model checking
- ISMC and DAR are useful in software verification
- Evaluation confirms important claims for software
- Open-source implementation of ISMC and DAR in *CPACHECKER*



## References i

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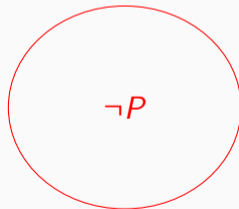
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<https://doi.org/10.1109/FMCAD.2009.5351148>

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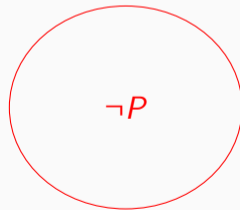
# IMC - Fixed Point

- BMC check:  $\tau_i(s_0) \wedge T(s_0, s_1) \cdots \wedge T(s_{k-1}, s_k) \wedge P(s_k) \rightarrow \text{UNSAT}$
- Repeat until  $I \vee \bigvee \tau_i$  becomes a fixed point



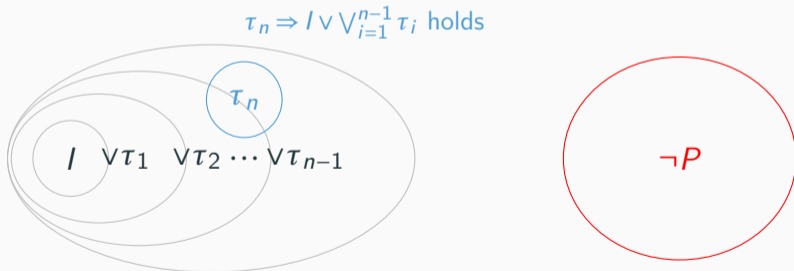
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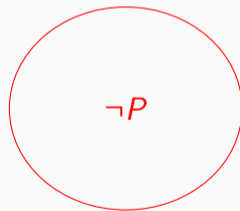
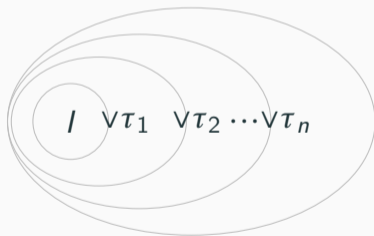
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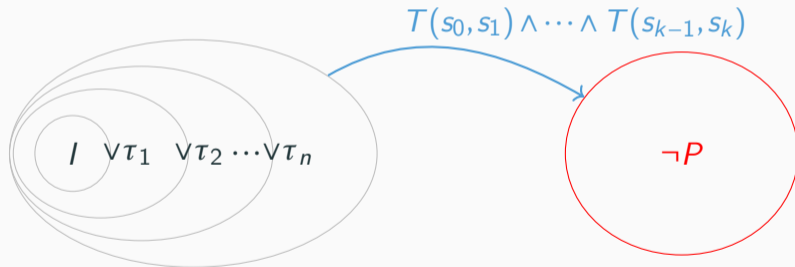
# IMC - Unrolling for BMC Check

- Increment unrolling bound  $k$  for BMC check



# IMC - Unrolling for BMC Check

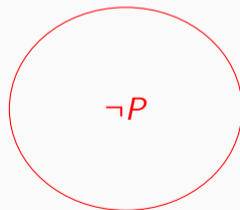
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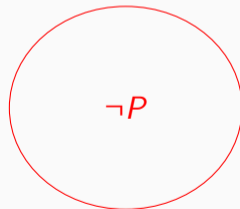
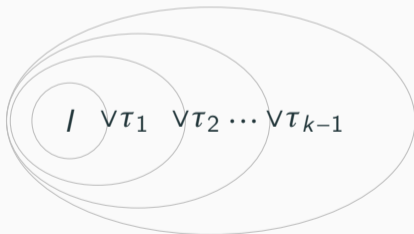
# ISMC - Fixed Point

- BMC check:  $I(s_0) \wedge T(s_0, s_1) \wedge \dots \wedge T(s_{k-1}, s_k) \wedge P(s_k) \rightarrow \text{UNSAT}$
- Directly construct the whole sequence



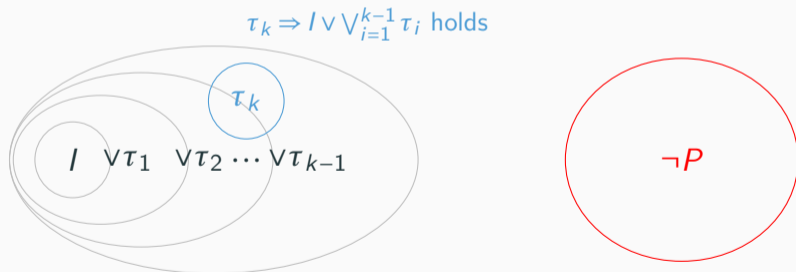
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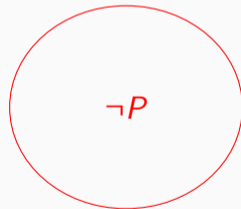
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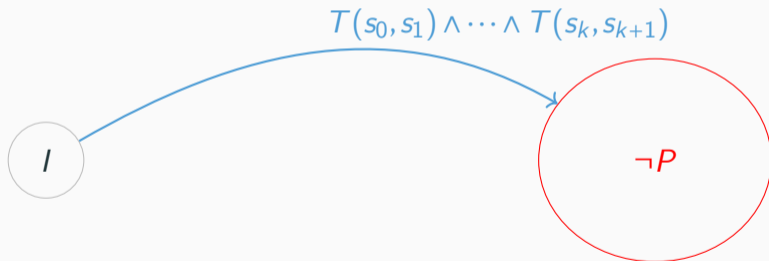
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- In the next step unroll to  $k + 1$



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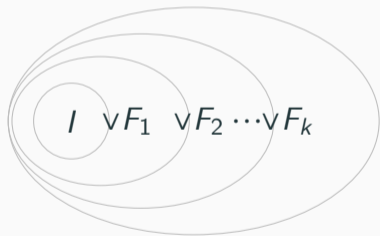
# DAR - Fixed Point

- Local BMC checks:  $F_i(s_0) \wedge T(s_0, s_1) \wedge B_{k-i-1}(s_1) \rightarrow \text{UNSAT}$



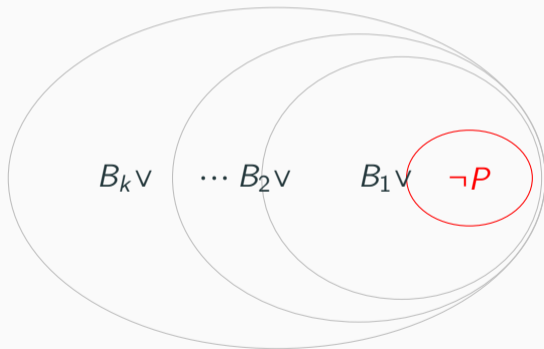
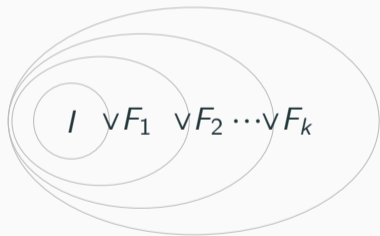
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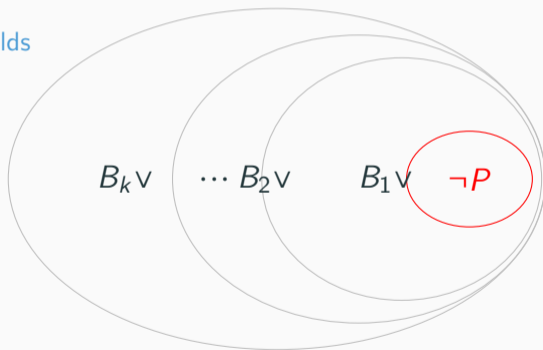
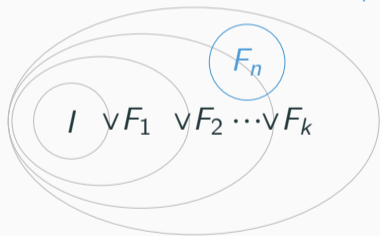




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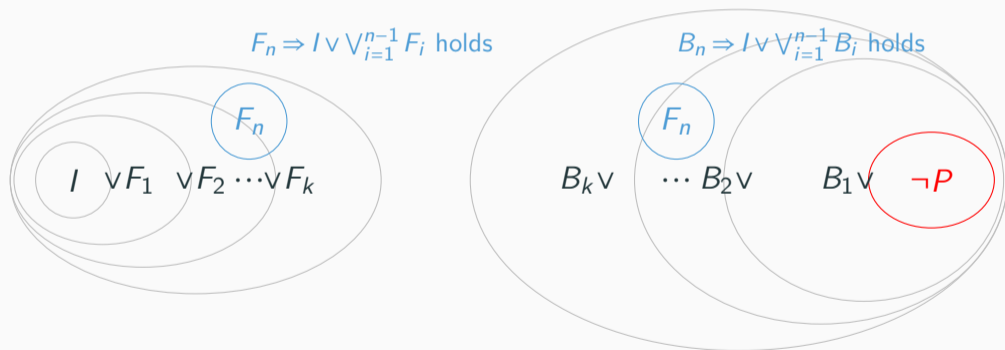
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$F_n \Rightarrow I \vee \bigvee_{i=1}^{n-1} F_i$  holds



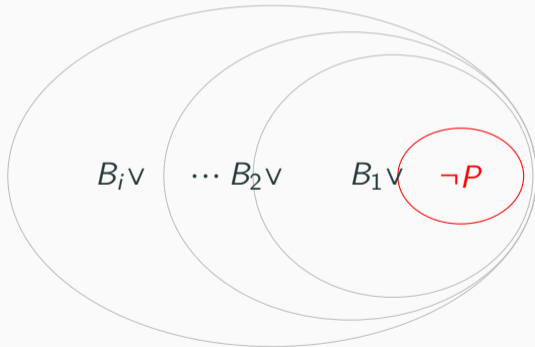
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# DAR - Unrolling for BMC Check

- Global BMC checks



# DAR - Unrolling for BMC Check

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